

SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

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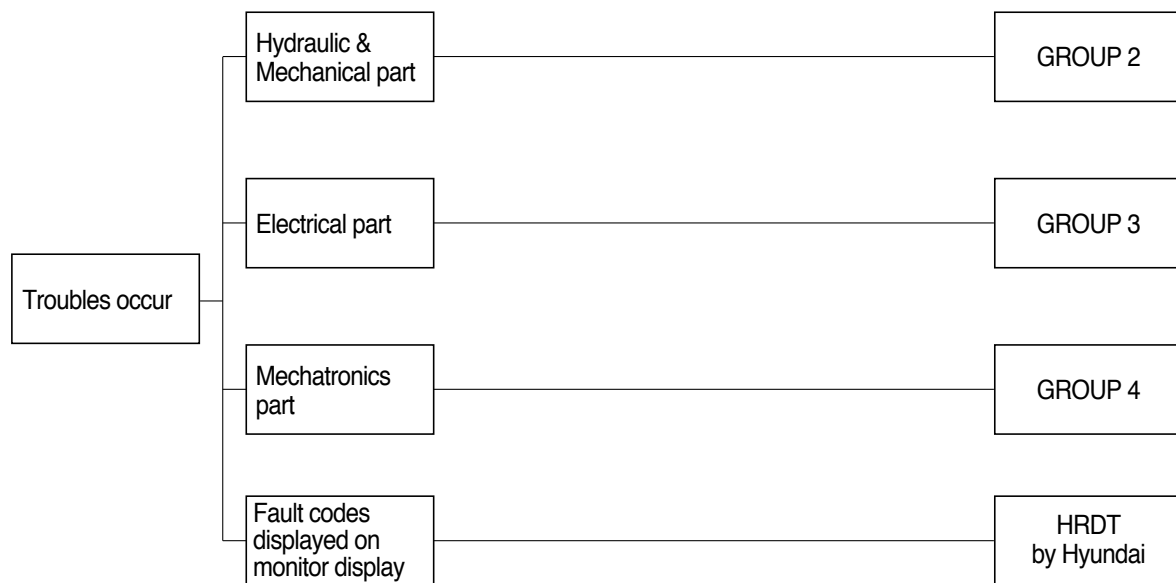
SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

GROUP 1 BEFORE TROUBLESHOOTING

1. INTRODUCTION

When a trouble is occurred in the machine, this section will help an operator to maintain the machine with easy.

The trouble of machine is parted Hydraulic & Mechanical system, Electrical system and Mechatronics system. At each system part, an operator can check the machine according to the troubleshooting process diagram.



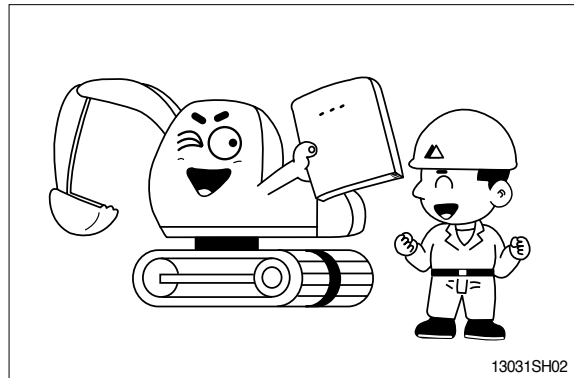
2. DIAGNOSING PROCEDURE

To carry out troubleshooting efficiently, the following steps must be observed.

STEP 1. Study the machine system

Study and know how the machine is operating, how the system is composing, what kinds of function are installed in the machine and what are specifications of the system components by the machine service manual.

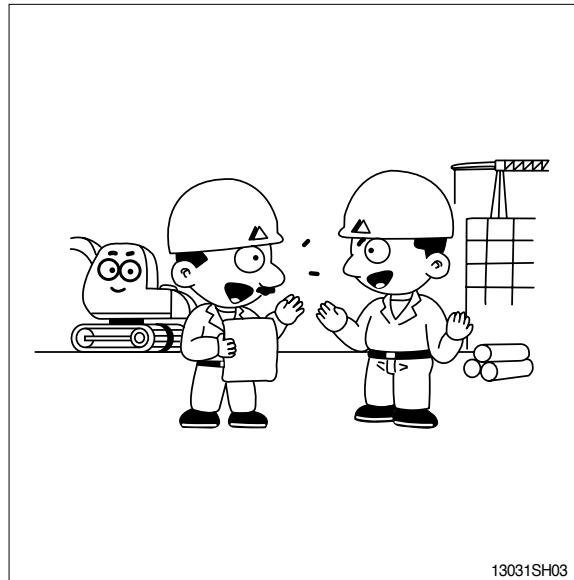
Especially, deepen the knowledge for the related parts of the trouble.



STEP 2. Ask the operator

Before inspecting, get the full story of malfunctions from a witness --- the operator.

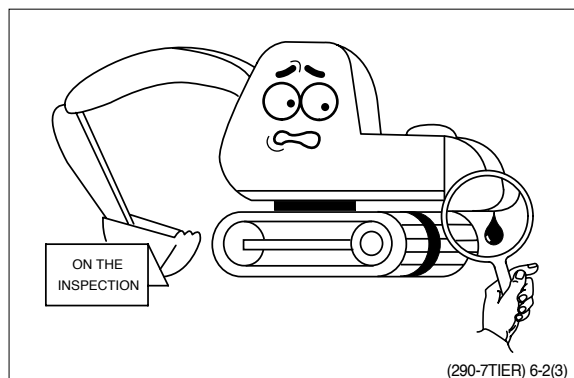
- 1) How the machine is used and when it is serviced?
- 2) When the trouble was noticed and what work the machine was doing at that time?
- 3) What is the phenomenon of the trouble?
Was the trouble getting worse, or did it come out suddenly for the first time?
- 4) Did the machine have any troubles previously? If so, which parts were repaired before.



STEP 3. Inspect the machine

Before starting troubleshooting, check the machine for the daily maintenance points as shown in the operator's manual.

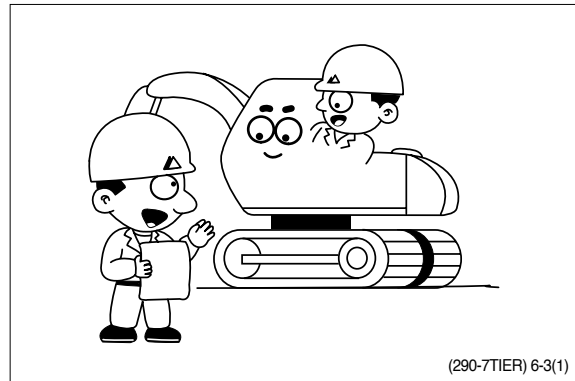
And also check the electrical system including batteries, as the troubles in the electrical system such as low battery voltage, loose connections and blown out fuses will result in malfunction of the controllers causing total operational failures of the machine.



STEP 4. Inspect the trouble actually on the machine

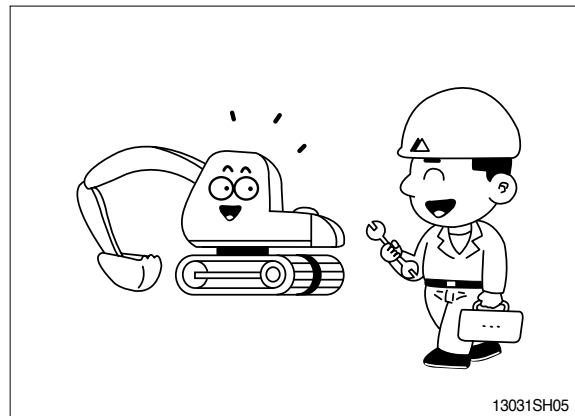
In case that some trouble cannot be confirmed, obtain the details of the malfunction from the operator.

Also, check if there are any incomplete connections of the wire harnesses or not.



STEP 5. Perform troubleshooting

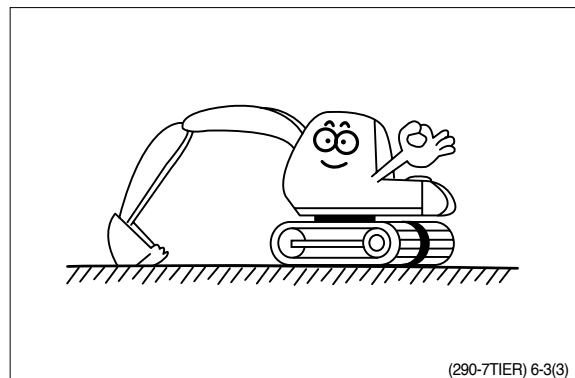
According to where the trouble parts are located, hydraulic & mechanical system part or electrical system part or mechatronics system part, perform troubleshooting the machine refer to the each system part's troubleshooting process diagram.



STEP 6. Trace a cause

Before reaching a conclusion, check the most susceptible causes again. Try to trace what the real cause of the trouble is.

Make a plan of the appropriate repairing procedure to avoid consequential malfunctions.



GROUP 2 HYDRAULIC AND MECHANICAL SYSTEM

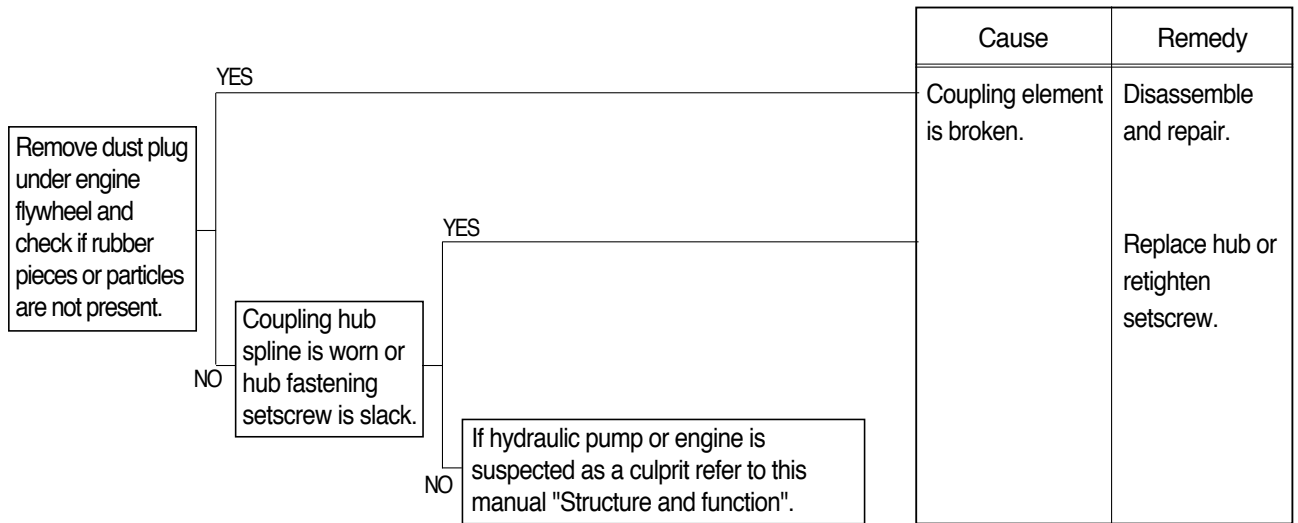
1. INTRODUCTION

1) MACHINE IN GENERAL

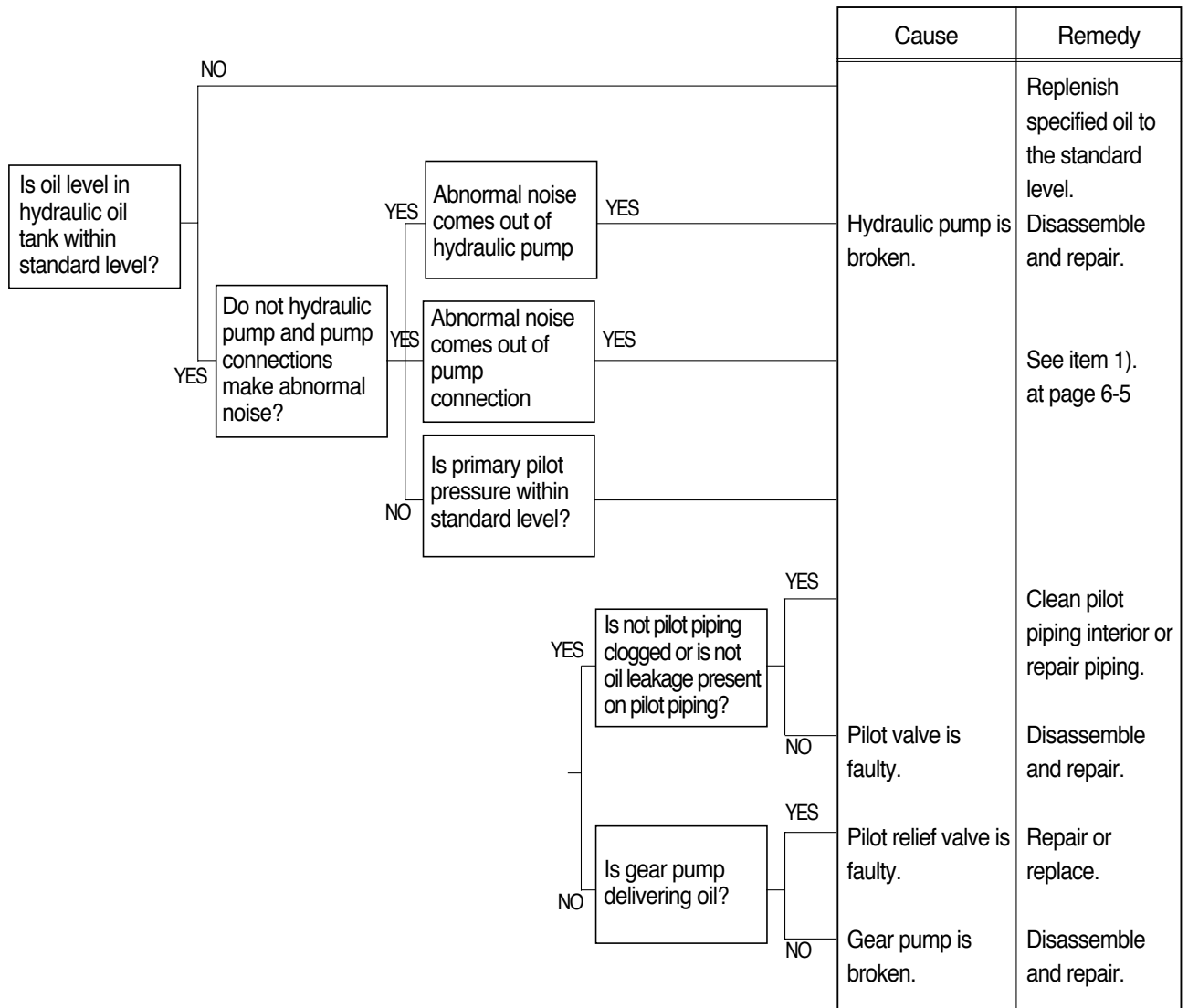
- (1) If even a minor fault is left intact and operation is continued, a fatal failure may be caused, entailing a large sum of expenses and long hours of restoration.
Therefore when even a small trouble occurs, do not rely on your intuition and experience, but look for the cause based on the troubleshooting principle and perform maintenance and adjustment to prevent major failure from occurring. Keep in mind that a fault results from a combination of different causes.
- (2) The following lists up commonly occurring faults and possible causes with this machine. For the troubleshooting of the engine, refer to the coming troubleshooting and repair.
- (3) When carrying out troubleshooting, do not hurry to disassemble the components.
It will become impossible to find the cause of the problem.
- (4) Ask user or operator the following.
Was there any strange thing about machine before failure occurred?
Under what conditions did the failure occur?
Have any repairs been carried out before the failure?
- (5) Check before troubleshooting.
Check oil and fuel level.
Check for any external leakage of oil from components.
Check for loose or damage of wiring and connections.

2. DRIVE SYSTEM

1) UNUSUAL NOISE COMES OUT OF PUMP CONNECTION

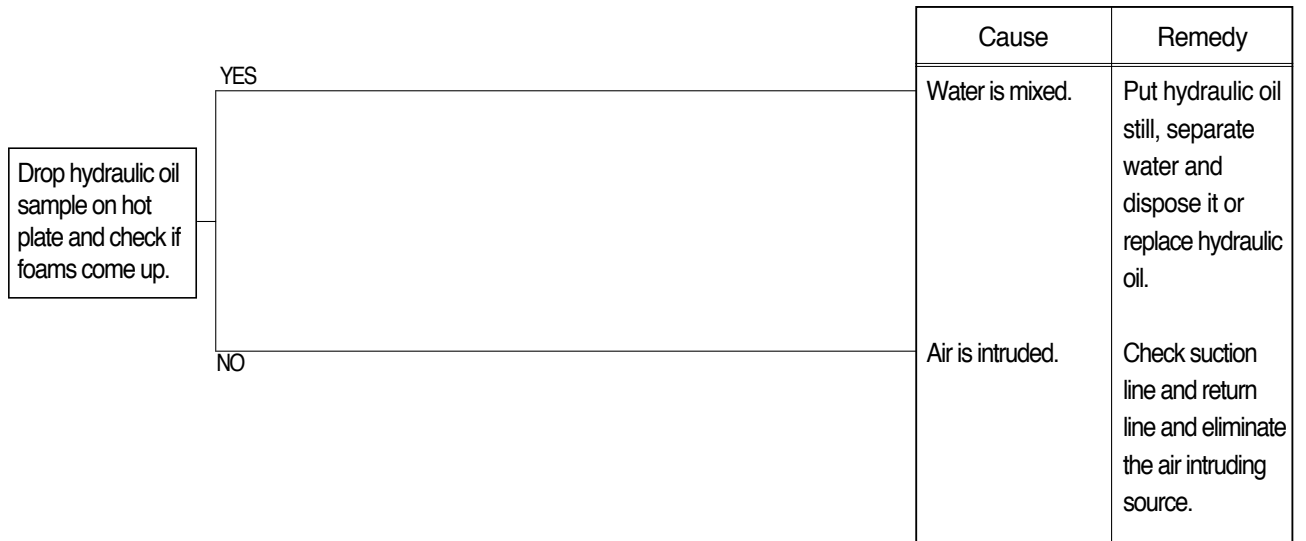


2) ENGINE STARTS BUT MACHINE DOES NOT OPERATE AT ALL

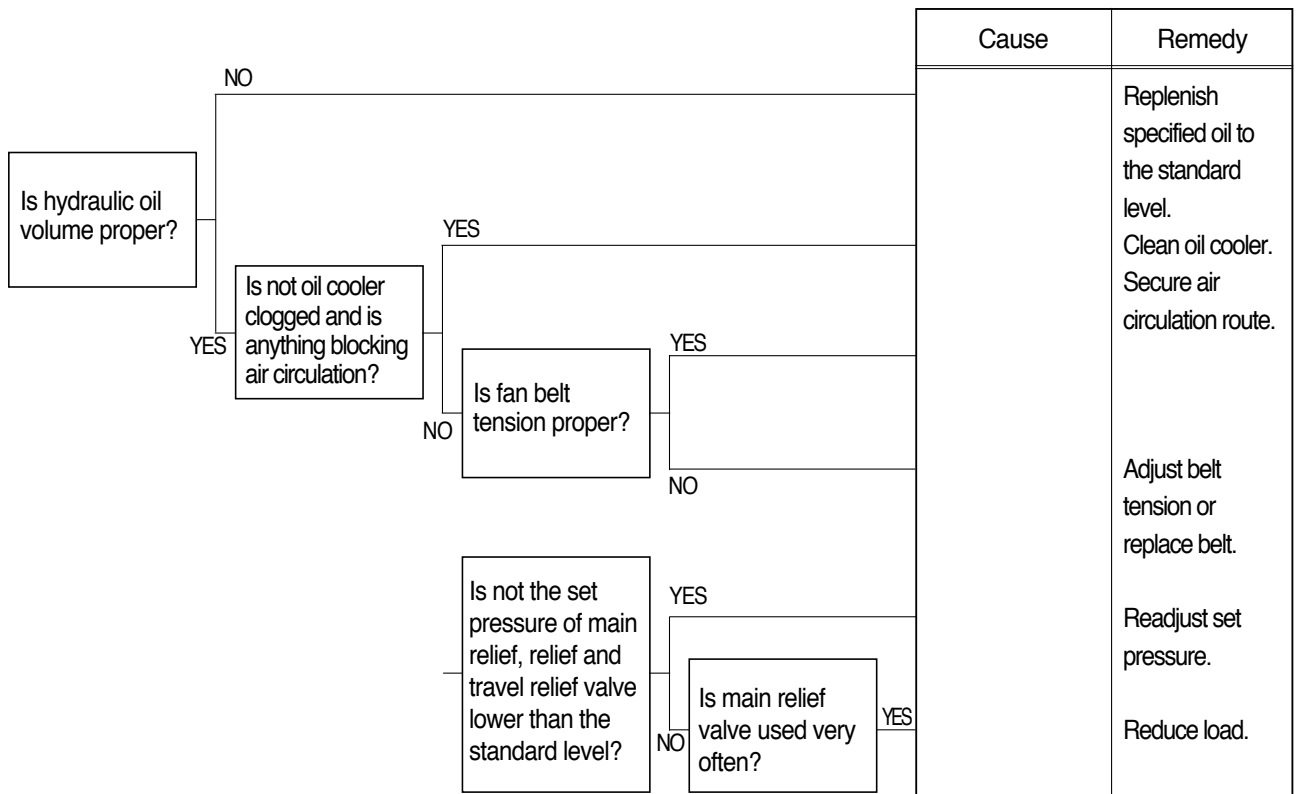


3. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

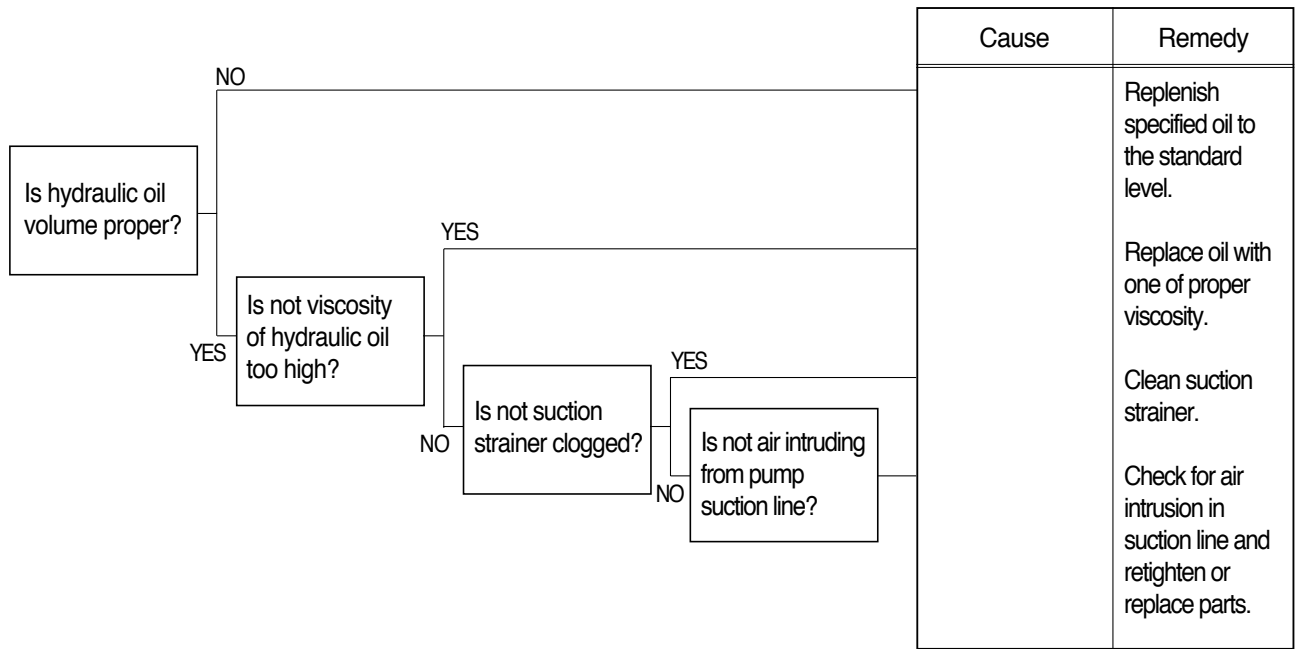
1) HYDRAULIC OIL IS CLOUDY



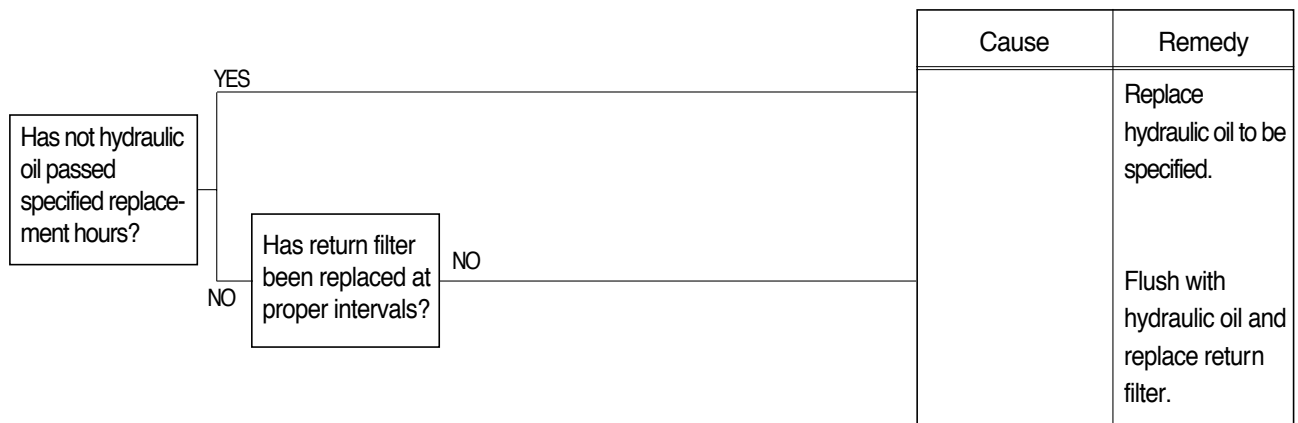
2) HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE HAS RISEN ABNORMALLY



3) CAVITATION OCCURS WITH PUMP

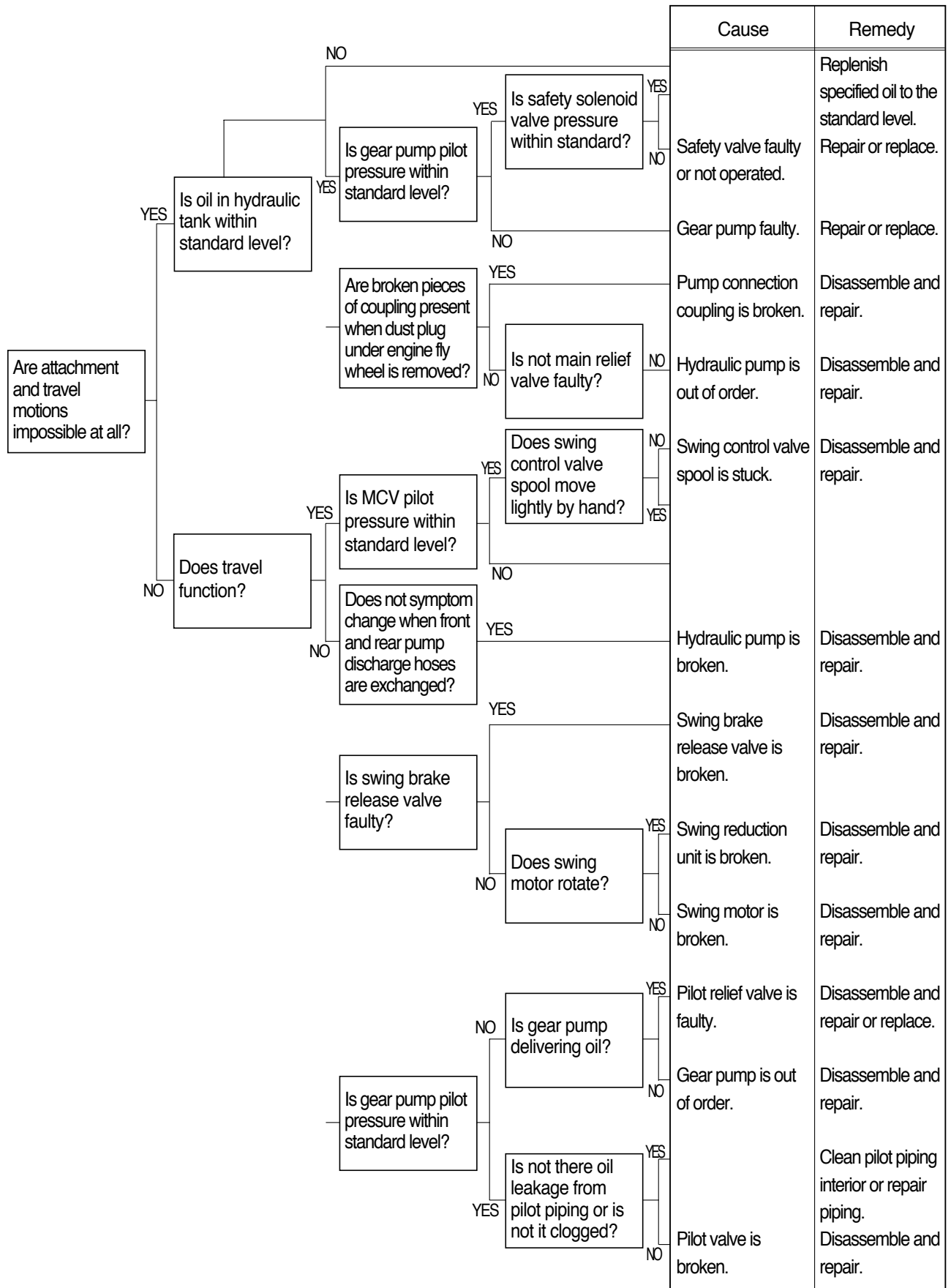


4) HYDRAULIC OIL IS CONTAMINATED

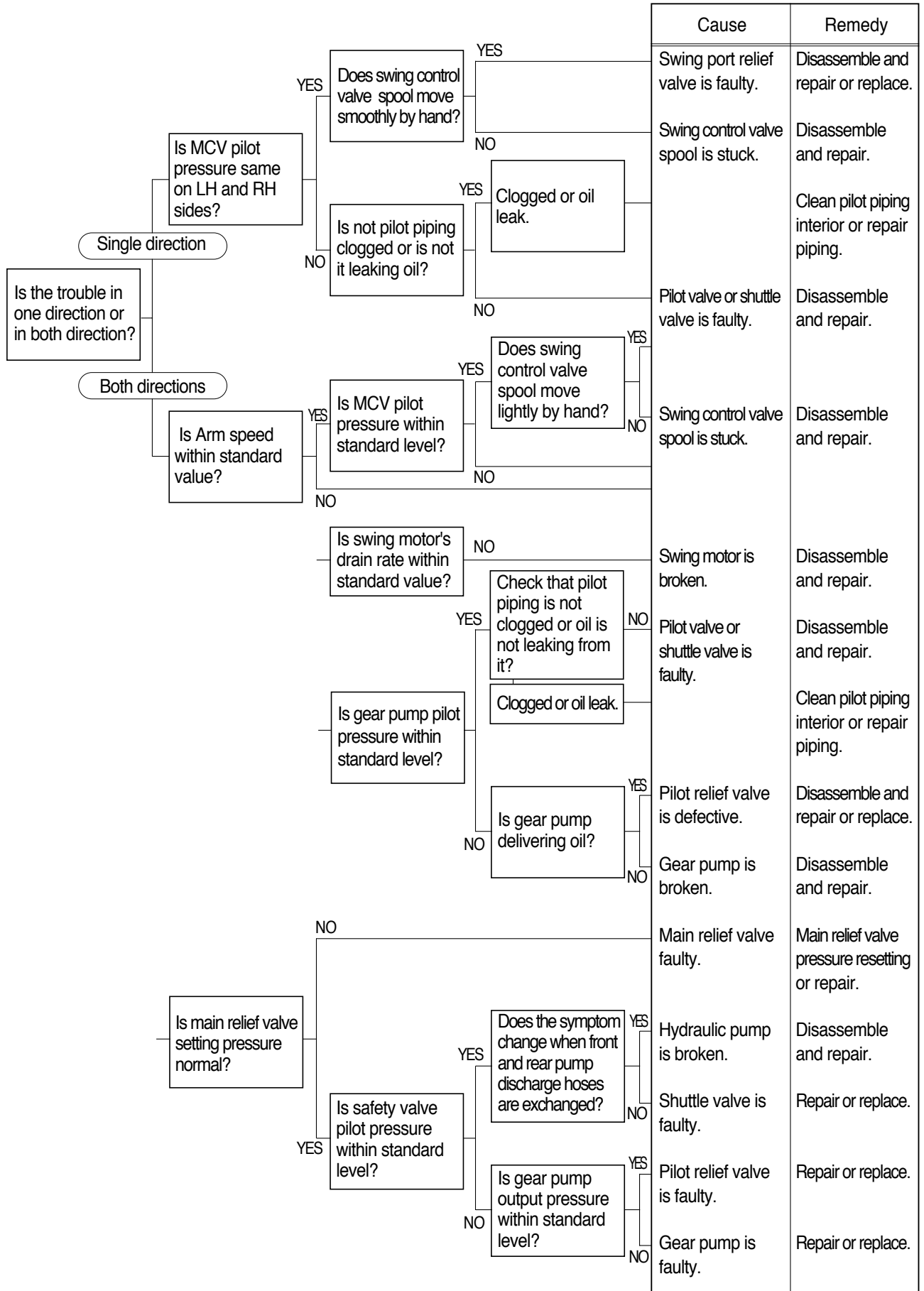


4. SWING SYSTEM

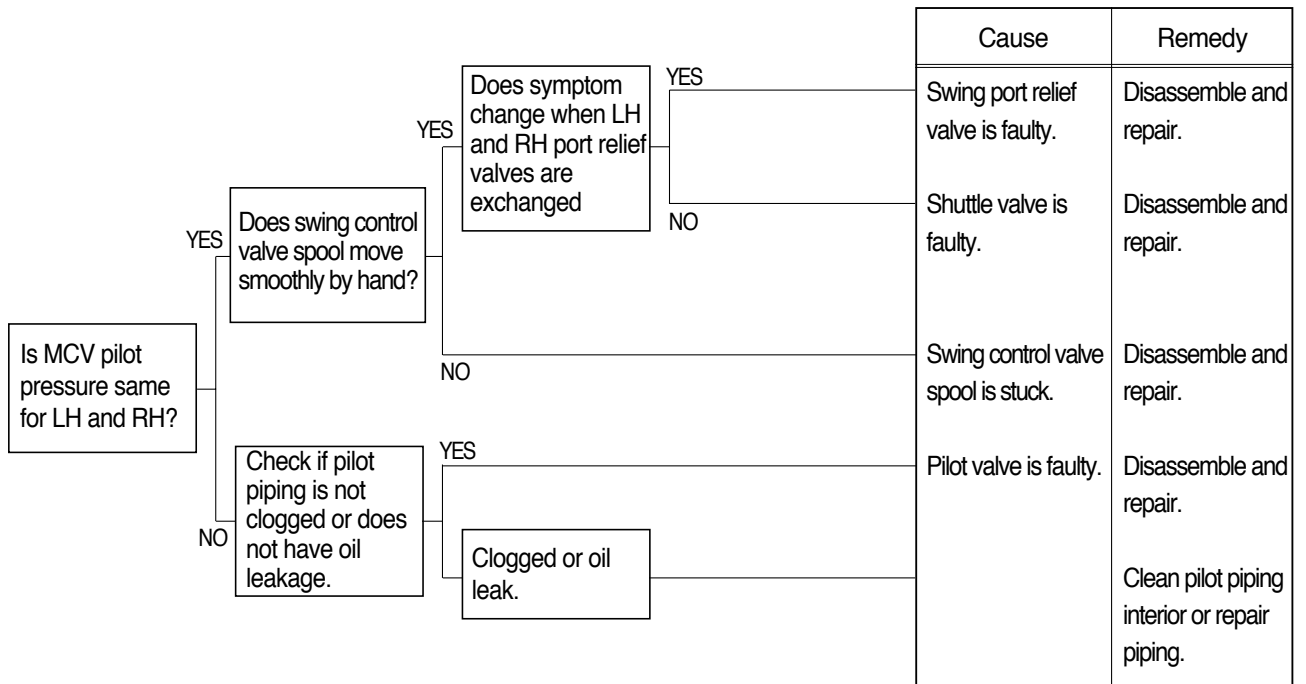
1) BOTH LH AND RH SWING ACTIONS ARE IMPOSSIBLE



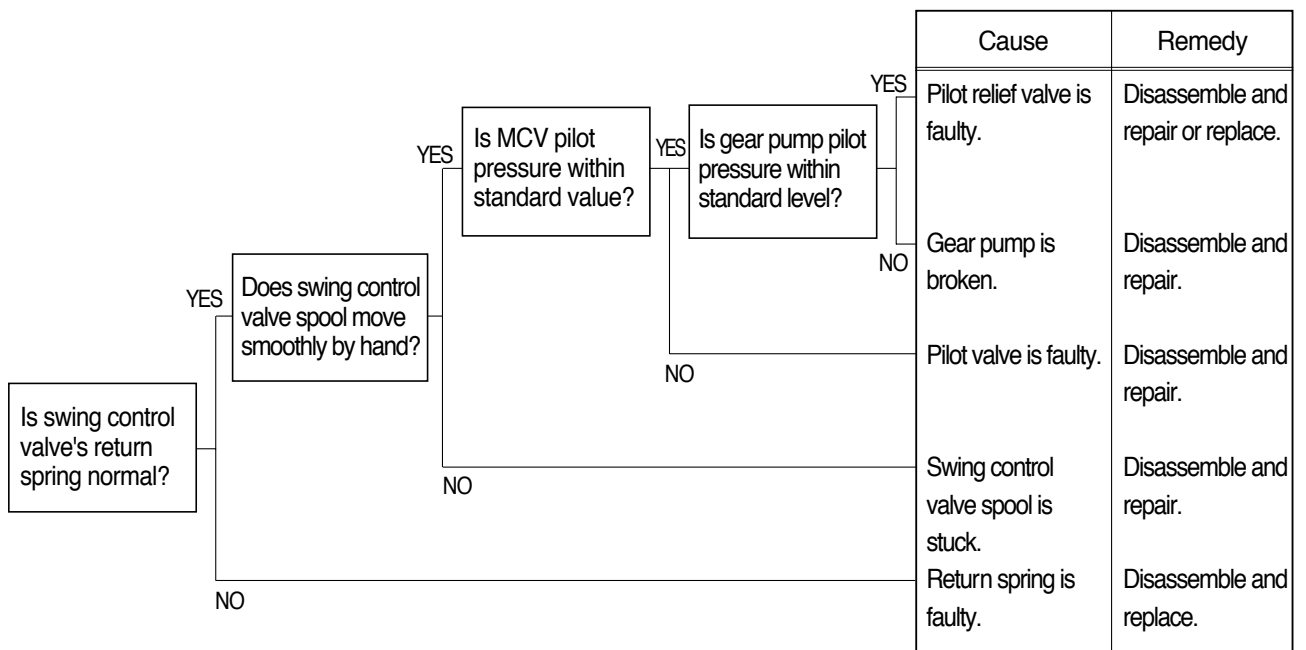
2) SWING SPEED IS LOW



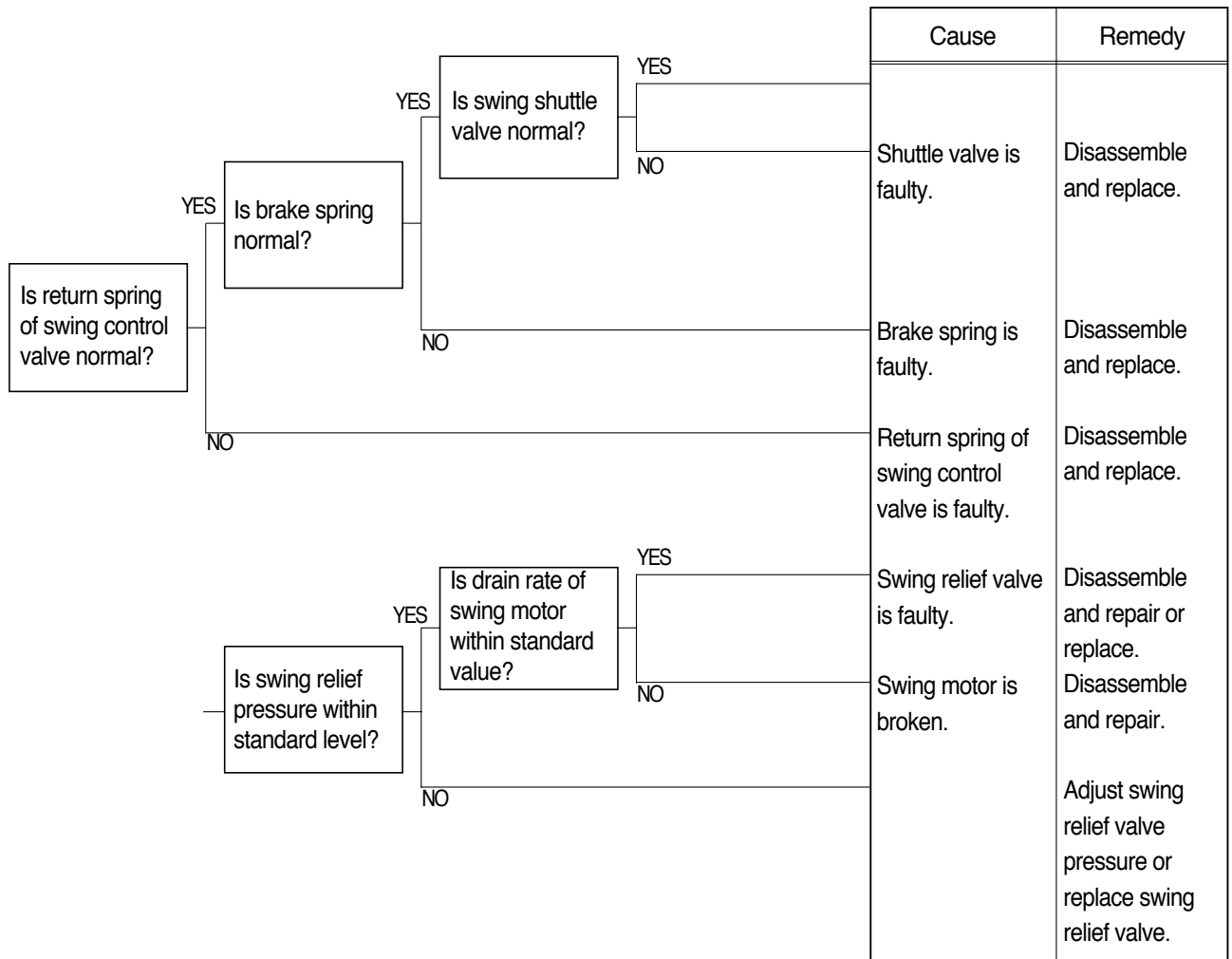
3) SWING MOTION IS IMPOSSIBLE IN ONE DIRECTION



4) MACHINE SWINGS BUT DOES NOT STOP

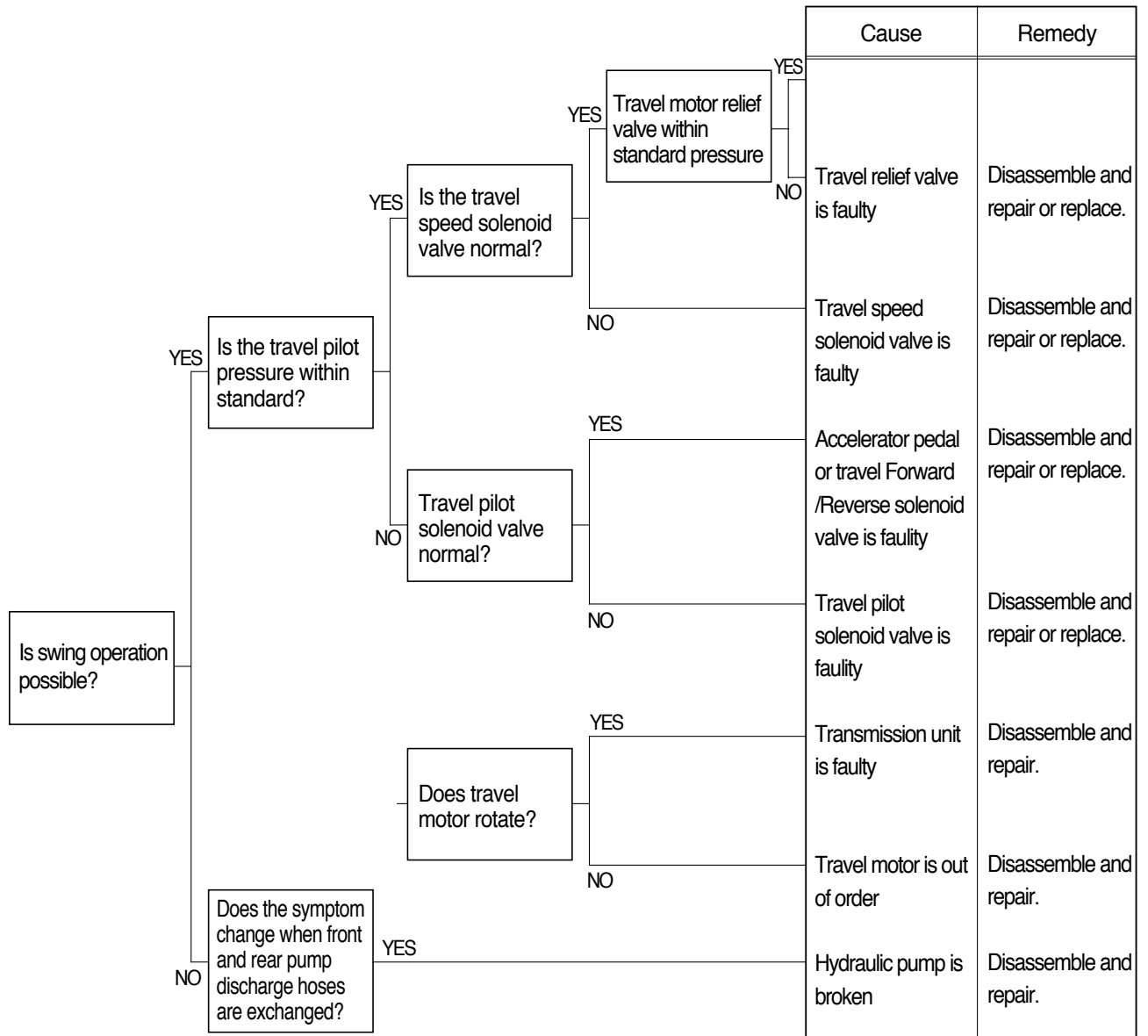


5) THE SWING UNIT DRIFTS WHEN THE MACHINE IS AT REST ON A SLOPE

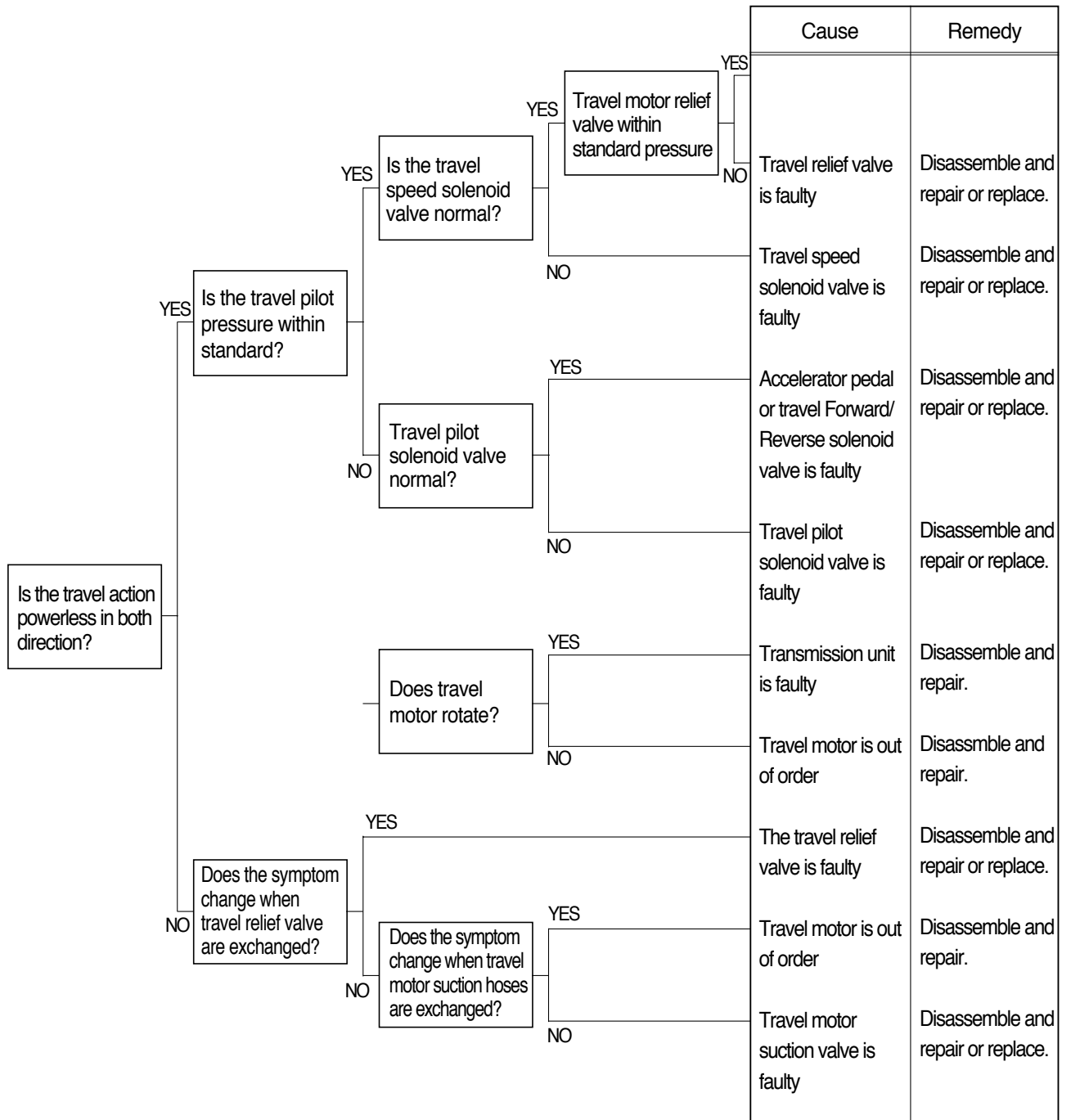


5. TRAVEL SYSTEM

1) TRAVEL DOES NOT FUNCTION AT ALL ON ONE SIDE



2) TRAVEL ACTION IS POWERLESS(Travel only)



3) THE HYDRAULIC MOTOR DOES NOT GET STARTED

	Cause	Remedy
<p>The hydraulic motor does not get started</p>	<p>The spool does not work properly. (The spool keeps fully open)</p>	<p>Screw the fitting bolts one more time with correct tightening torque. If the spool turns out to be damaged, it should be repaired or the new one should be used</p>
	<p>The anti-cavitation check valve does not work properly. (The check valve is kept open.)</p>	<p>Ditto</p>

4) IT TAKES TIME TO ACCELERATE THE MOTOR

	Cause	Remedy
<p>It takes time to accelerate the motor</p>	<p>The spool does not work properly.</p>	<p>Screw the fitting bolts one more time with correct tightening torque. If the spool turns out to be damaged, it should be repaired, or the new one should be used.</p>
	<p>The orifice for closing the counterbalance is clogged.</p>	<p>Remove the foreign matter by disassembling and cleaning.</p>
	<p>Wrong setting of pressure of the relief valve.</p>	<p>Adjust at the correct value. If the relief valve turns out to be out of order, the new one should be used.</p>

5) IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO REDUCE THE MOTOR SMOOTHLY

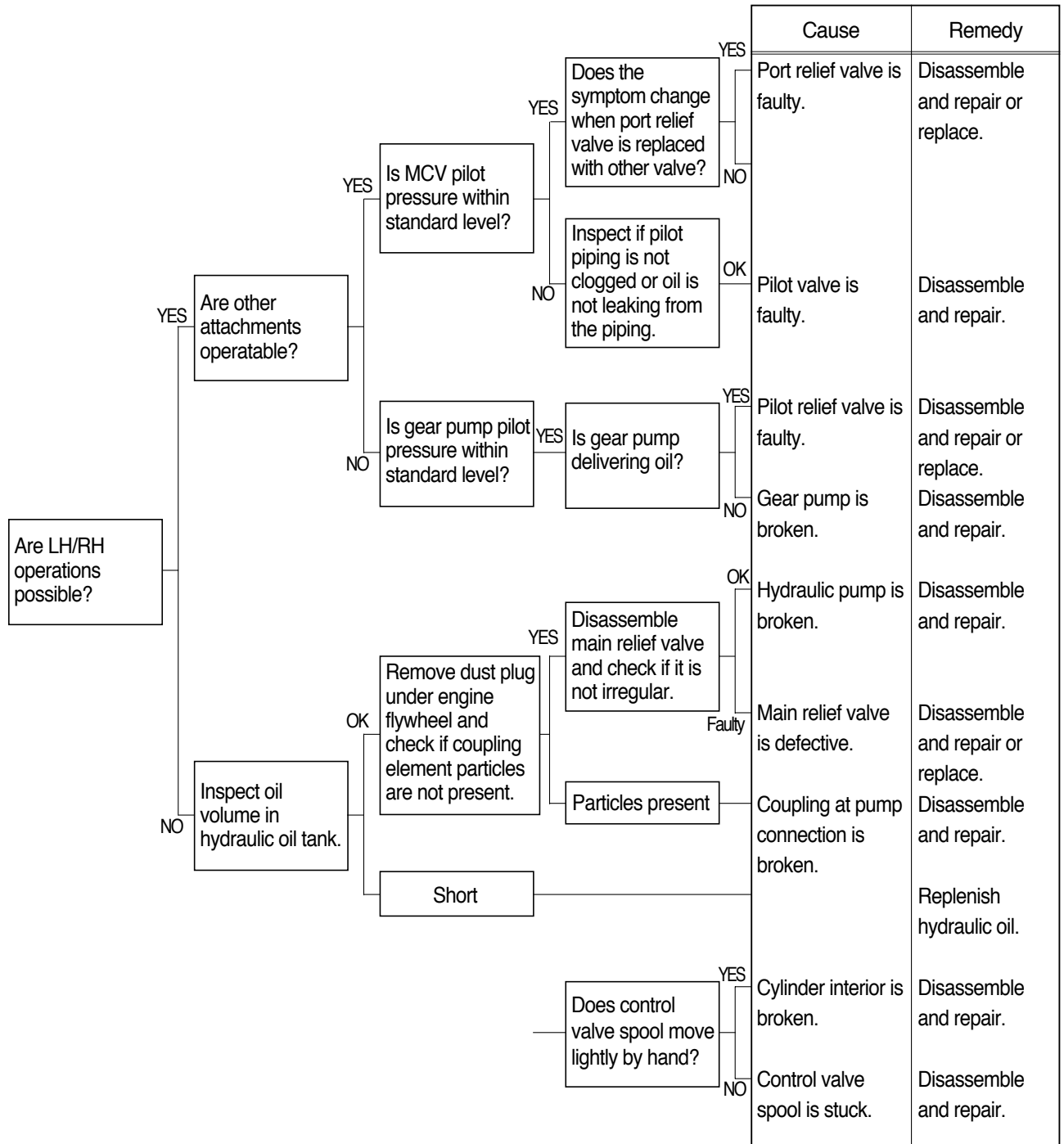
<p>It is not possible to reduce the motor smoothly</p>		
	<p>The orifice for closing the counterbalance is clogged. The opening of the neutral position of the spool is clogged.</p>	<p>Remove the foreign matter by disassembling and cleaning.</p>
	<p>Wrong setting of pressure of the relief valve.</p>	<p>Adjust at the correct value. If the relief valve turns out to be out of order, the new one should be used.</p>

6) EXTRAORDINARY NOISE IS HEARD WHEN SUDDENLY REDUCING THE SPEED FROM THE HIGH-SPEED MODE

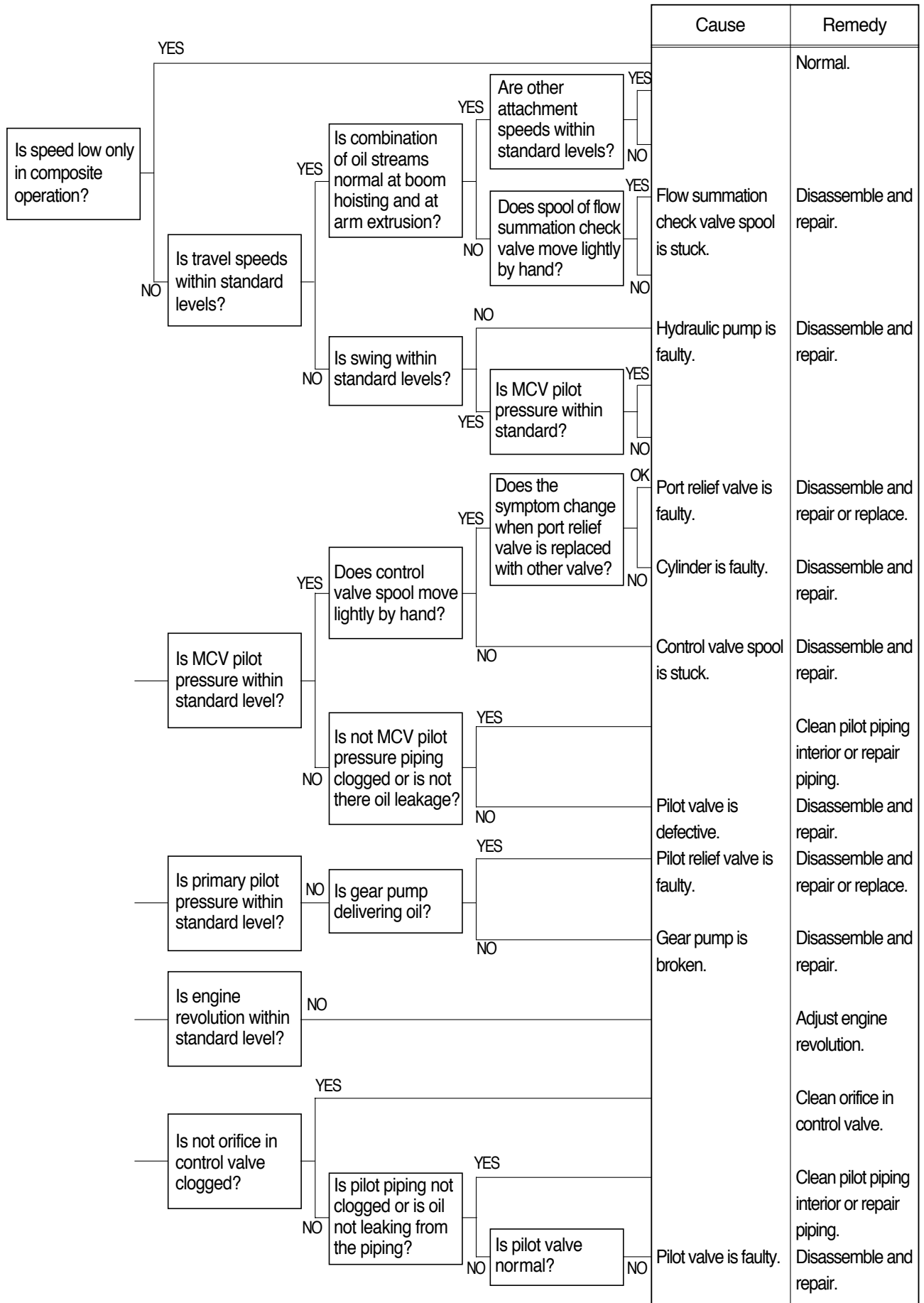
<p>It takes time to accelerate the motor</p>		
	<p>The anti-cavitation valve does not work properly.</p>	<p>Screw the fitting bolts one more time with correct tightening torque. If the valve turns out to be damaged, it should be repaired.</p>

6. ATTACHMENT SYSTEM

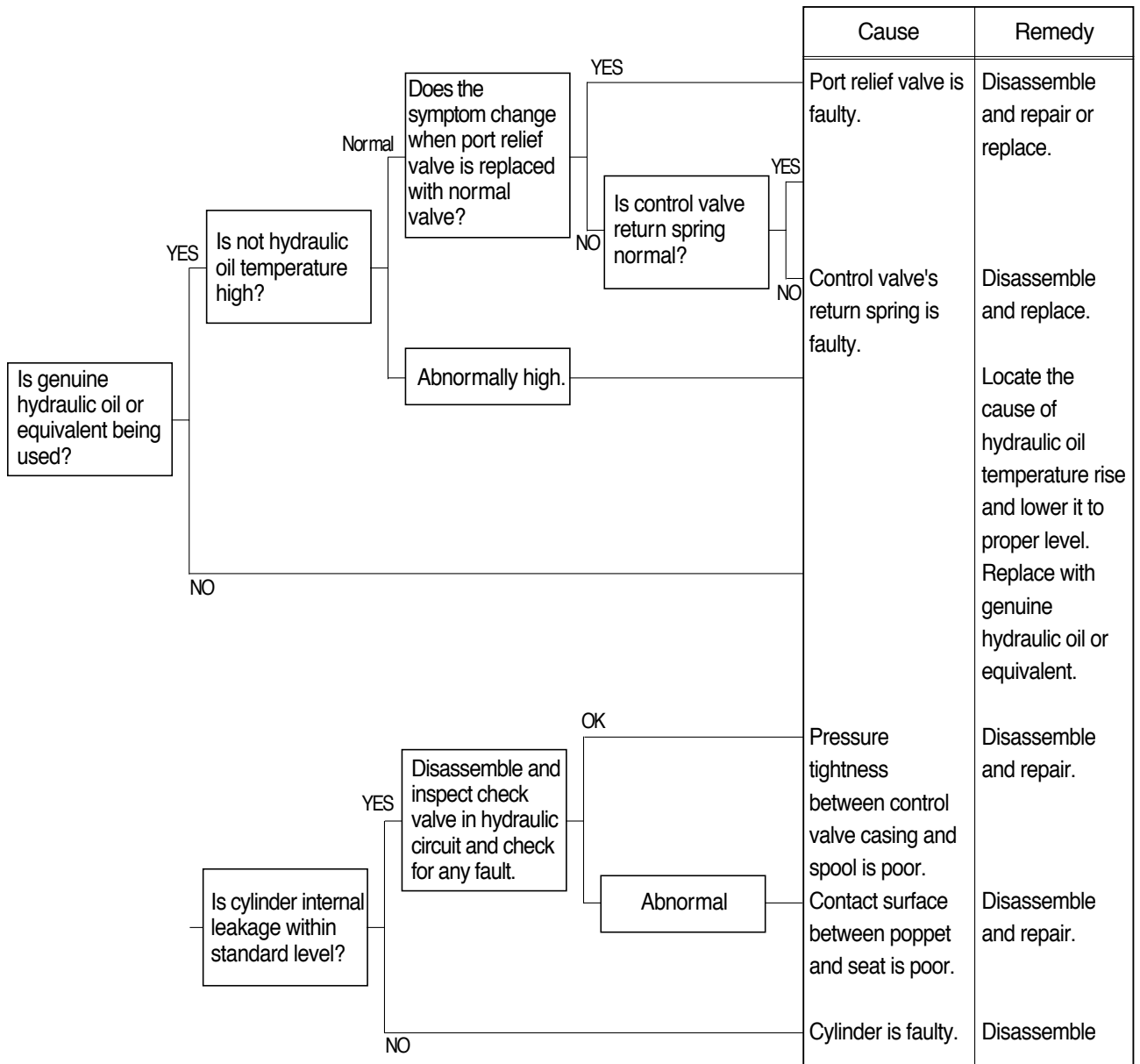
1) BOOM OR ARM ACTION IS IMPOSSIBLE AT ALL



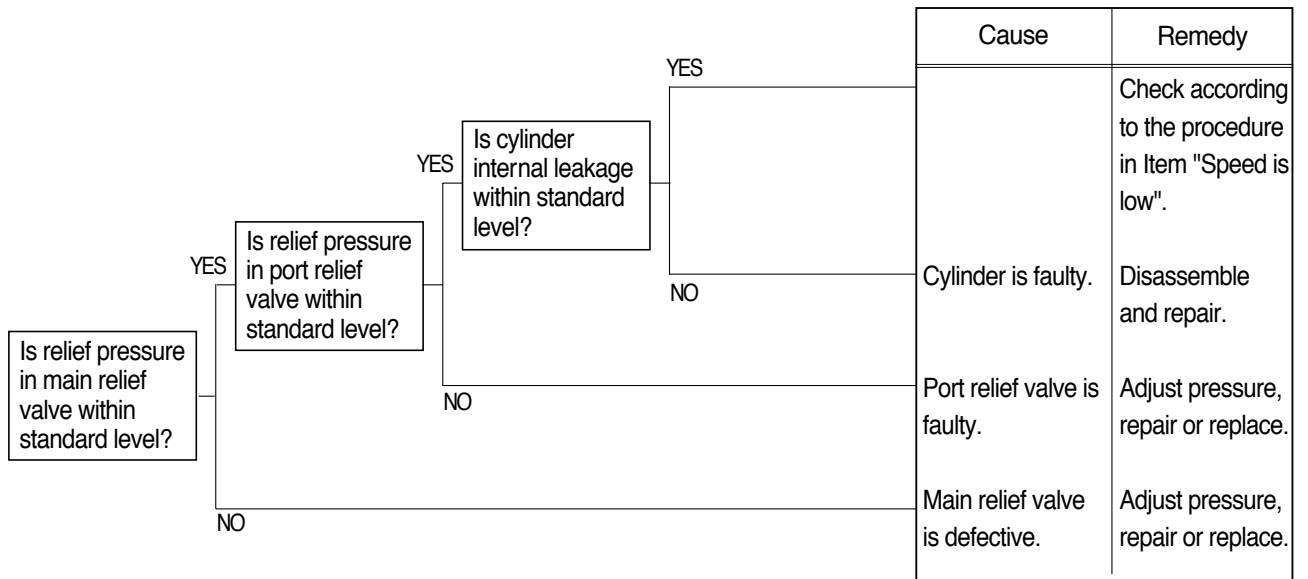
2) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET SPEED IS LOW



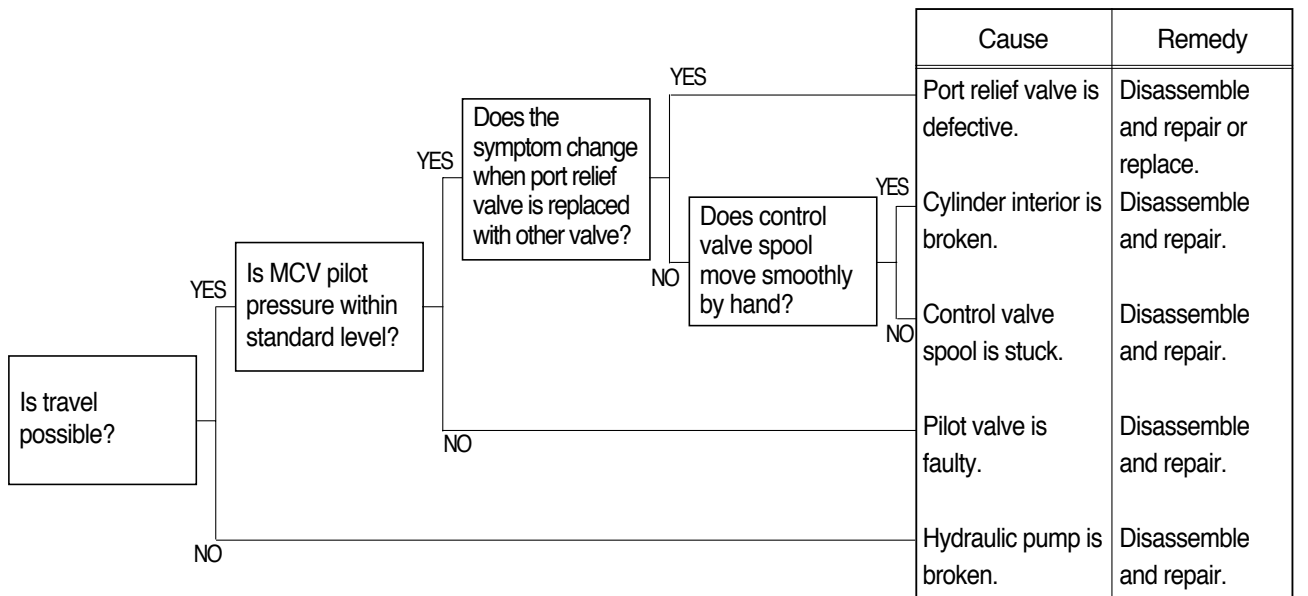
3) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET CYLINDER EXTENDS OR CONTRACTS ITSELF AND ATTACHMENT FALLS



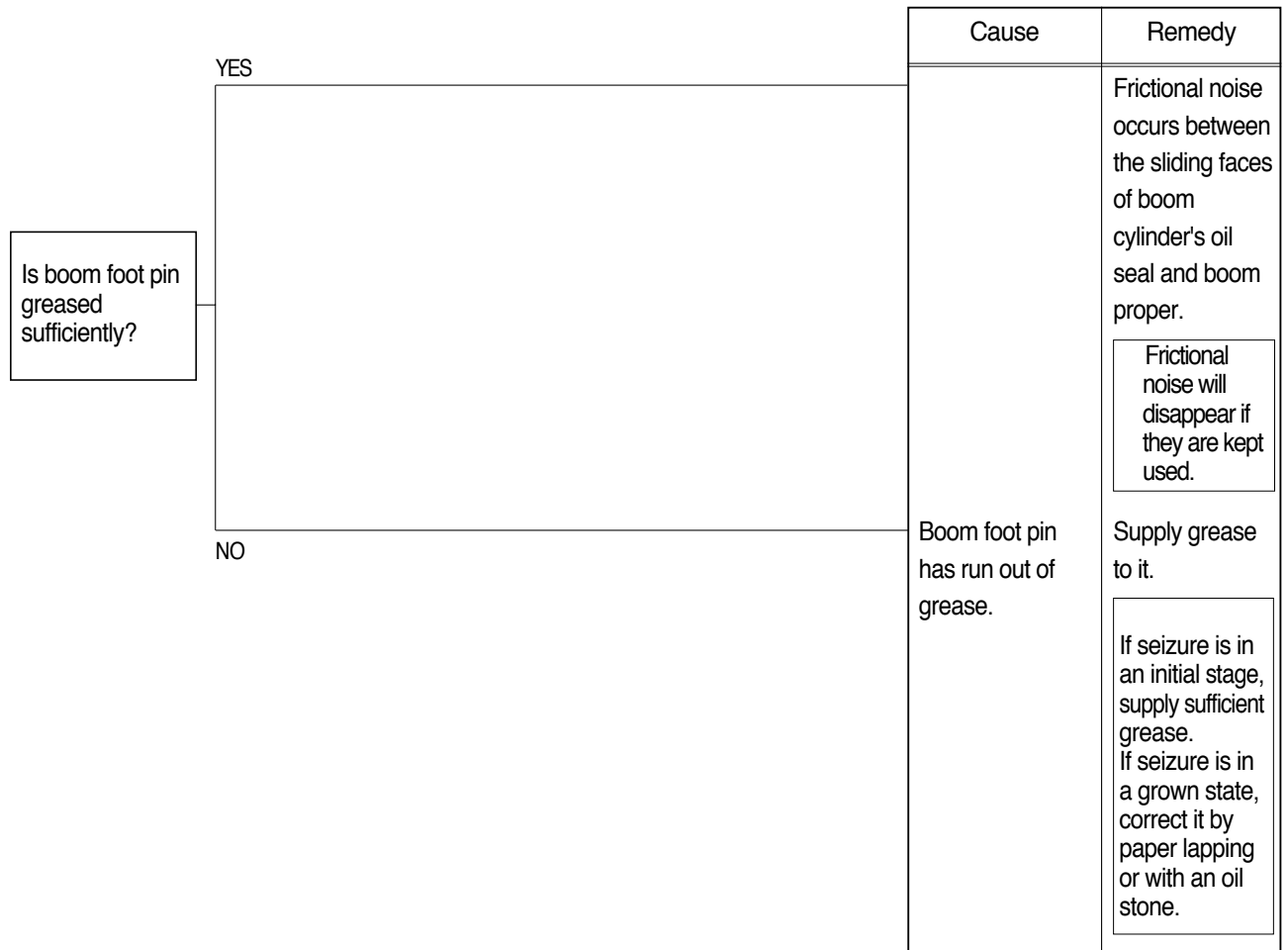
4) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET POWER IS WEAK



5) ONLY BUCKET OPERATION IS TOTALLY IMPOSSIBLE

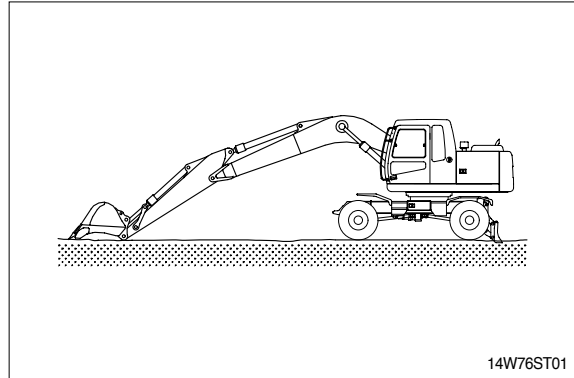


6) BOOM MAKES A SQUEAKING NOISE WHEN BOOM IS OPERATED

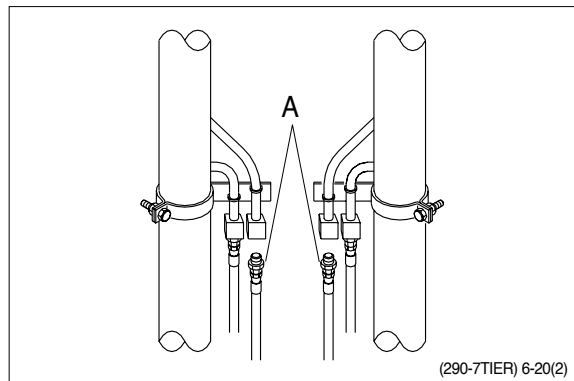


HOW TO CHECK INTERNAL BOOM CYLINDER LEAKAGE

1. Lower the bucket teeth to the ground with bucket cylinder fully retracted and arm cylinder rod retracted almost in full.



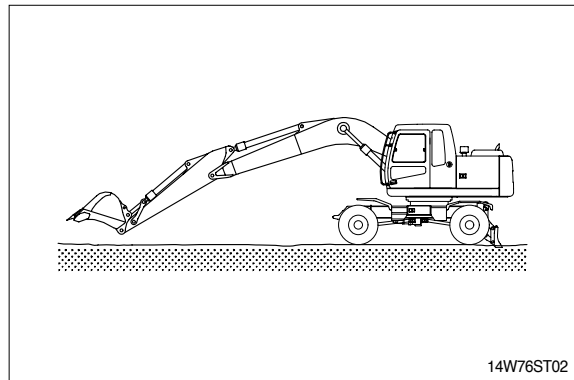
2. Disconnect hose(A) from rod side of boom cylinder and drain oil from cylinders and hose.(Put cups on piping and hose ends)



3. Raise bucket OFF the ground by retracting the arm cylinder rod.

If oil leaks from piping side and boom cylinder rod is retracted there is an internal leak in the cylinder.

If no oil leaks from piping side and boom cylinder rod is retracted, there is an internal leak in the control valve.



7. FRONT AXLE AND REAR AXLE

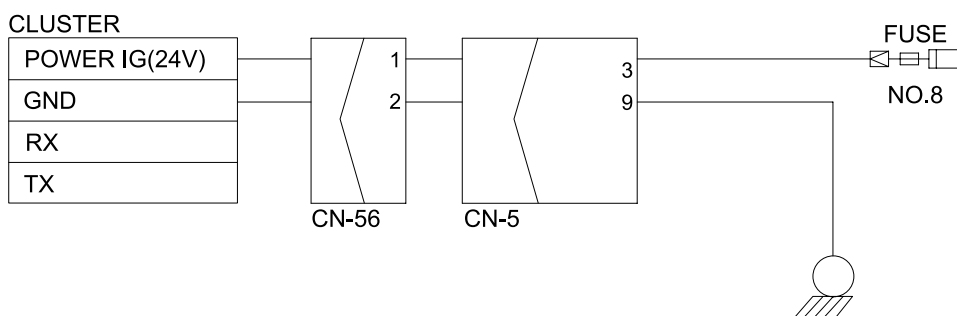
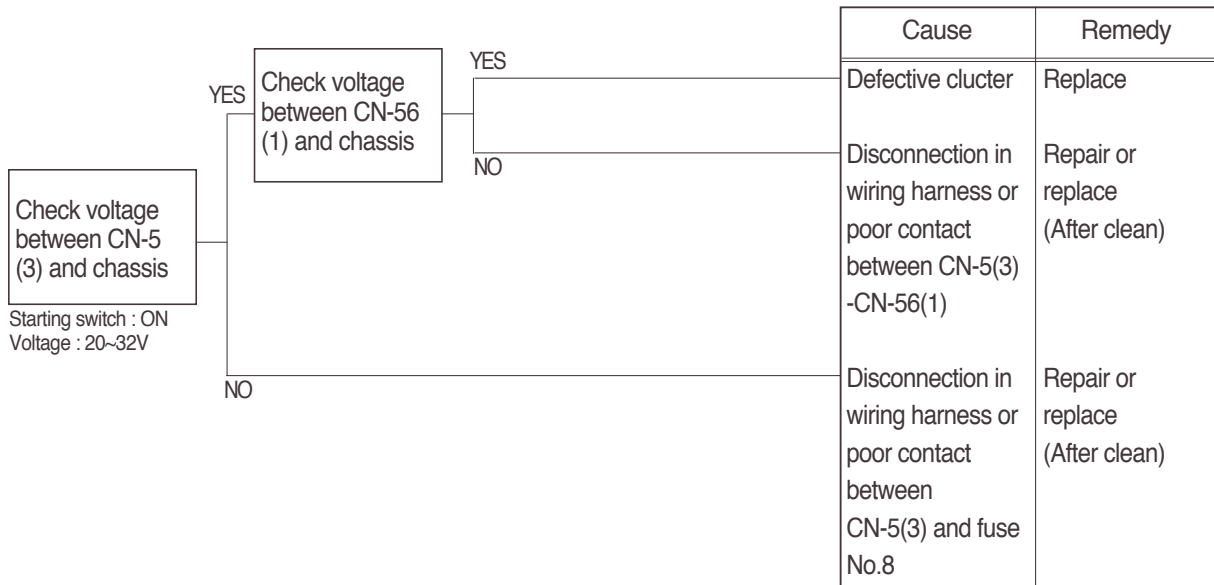
Problem	Cause	Correction
Insufficient braking	1. Incorrect adjustment	Inspect disc thickness and if discs are usable readjust brakes to the specifications in the manual.
	2. Brake discs worn out	Inspect disc thickness and replace if necessary.
	3. Incorrect brake fluid	Replace all seals in axle and master cylinder that have made contact with the incorrect fluid and all brake hoses. If incorrect fluid leaked into axle oil, seals and O-rings in axle must be replaced.
	4. Loss of brake fluid	Inspect for and repair any leaks in outside circuit or master cylinder. If caused by incorrect brake fluid see correction No.3. If leak is to the outside replace the O-rings between the center and intermediate housings. If leak is to the inside replace above O-rings and brake piston O-rings.
	5. Overheated axle causing brake fluid to vaporize. (Brake return when axle cools)	See "overheating" problem.
Soft brake pedal	6. Air in brake circuit	Bleed air in brake circuit.
Ineffective safety brake	7. Incorrect adjustment	See correction No.1.
	8. Brake disc worn out	See correction No.2.
Overheating	9. Oil level wrong	Drain, flush and refill oil to proper level.
	10. Too small of a brake gap	Readjust brakes to the specifications.
	11. Park brake dragging	Unlock the brake and adjust the correct gap.
	12. Incorrect brake fluid in system	See correction No.3.
	13. No free-pedal at master cylinder	Readjust brake pedal.
	14. Restriction in brake lines	Inspect for and replace damage lines.
15. Restriction in return line of brake servo system	Inspect for and replace damaged return line. Inspect for and remove any filter, tee'd in line or any other source of back pressure from the return line.	
16. Incorrect lubricant	Change the retaining rings of the brake circuit and brake pump.	
Diff-lock inoperative	17. If manual control, loose or misadjusted linkage	Inspect and correct linkage and readjust.
	18. If hydraulic control, problems in the hydraulic or electrical circuits of the machine.	Refer to the hydraulic or electrical section in this manual.
	19. If hydraulic control problems in actuating cylinder(noteable through loss of hydraulic oil or increase of the oil level in axle)	Rebuilt cylinder.
	20. If with limit slip differential, worn discs	Replace discs.

Problem	Cause	Correction
Oil coming out of breather	21. Leak in internal brake system 22. Leak in diff-lock actuating cylinder	See correction No.2 and No.3. See correction No.19.
Nospin indexing noise when driving straight With nospin, fatigue damage can occur on the side with the larger tire.	23. Unequal tire pressure left and right 24. Different style, size or brand of tires between left and right hand side	Inflate tires to the recommended pressure in this manual, or until the rolling radius is equal. Change tires to make the rolling radius equal. Vary the tire pressure within the specifications until the rolling radius is equal.
Noise during coast and under power the same	25. Wheel bearings damaged	Replace and adjust
Noise under power greater than during coast	26. Low oil level 27. Incorrect lubricant 28. Ring and pinion worn 29. Worn ring and pinion bearings 30. Worn planetary gears or bearings	Refill oil to proper level See correction No.16. Inspect through top cover. Replace and adjust. Replace and adjust Replace.
Noise during coast greater than under power	31. Loose pinion nut 32. Only pinion bearing damaged	Inspect ring, pinion and pinion bearings. If undamaged, retighten nut. See correction No.29.
Noise during turn (Without nospin)	33. Worn spider and/or side gears	Replace.
A stick slip noise when going from forward to reverse	34. Worn or damaged cardan shaft 35. Loose wheel 36. Articulation box joint and achsel shaft damaged 37. Spider pins loose in diff-carrier 38. Damaged or missing spider and/or side gear washers	Inspect and replace. Inspect for wheel and wheel stud damage. Replace if needed and retorque lugnuts. Inspect and replace. Inspect through top cover. Replace. See correction No.33.

GROUP 3 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

1. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, MONITOR PANEL DISPLAY DOES NOT APPEAR

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.8.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

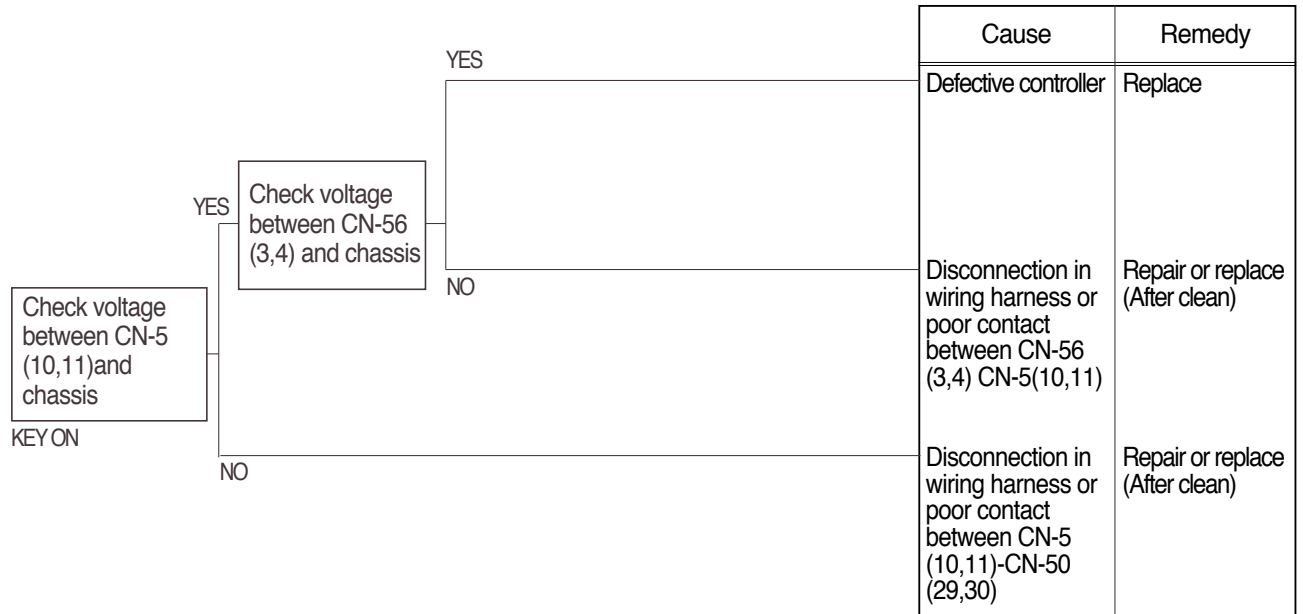


Check voltage

YES	20 ~ 32V
NO	0V

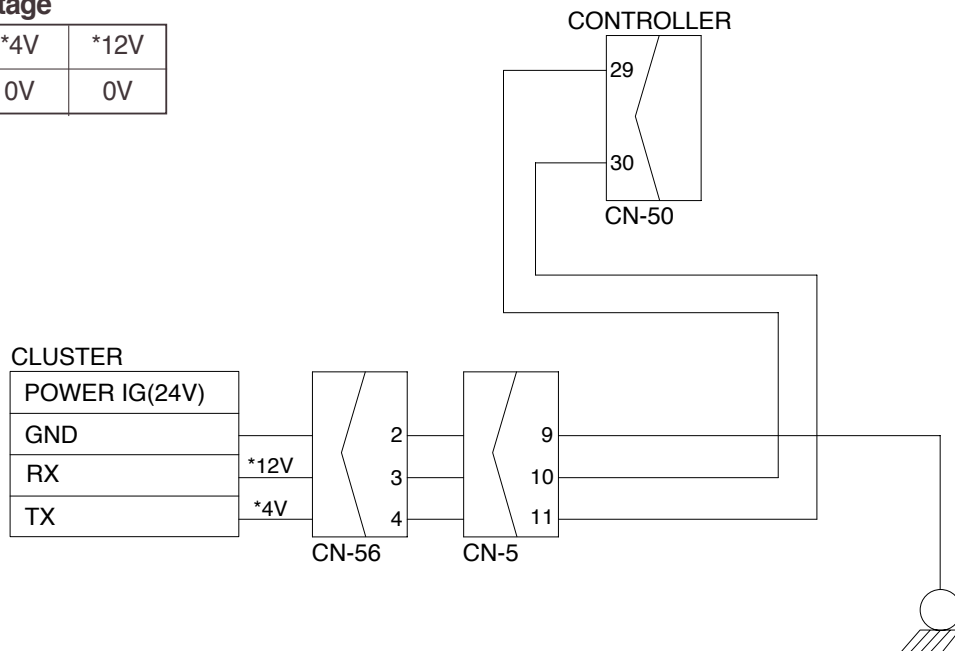
2. COMMUNICATION ERROR "Co : Err" FLASHES ON THE CLUSTER

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check voltage

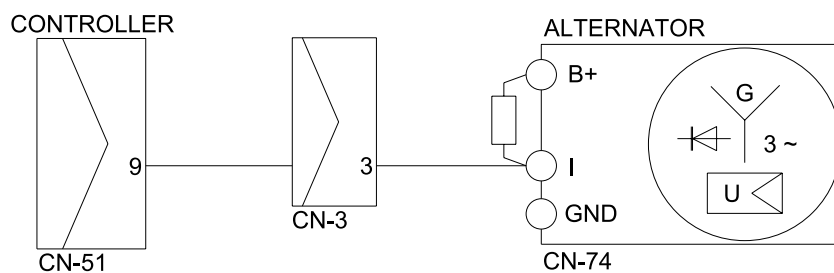
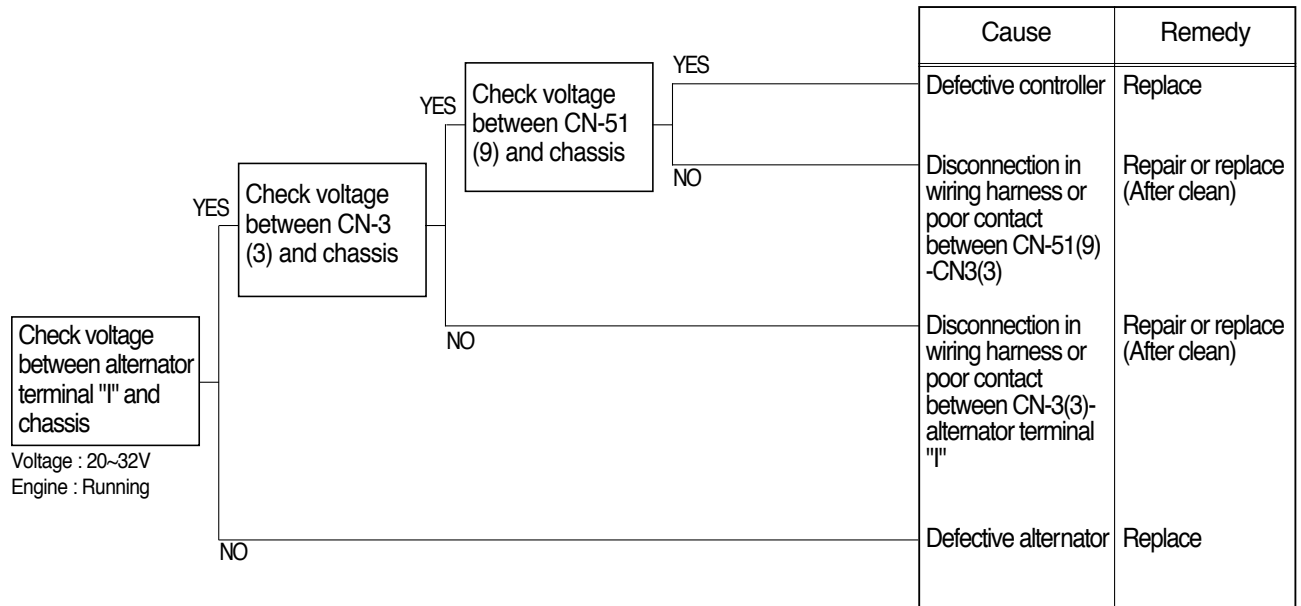
YES	*4V	*12V
NO	0V	0V



29076ES02

3. BATTERY CHARGING WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Starting switch : ON)

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



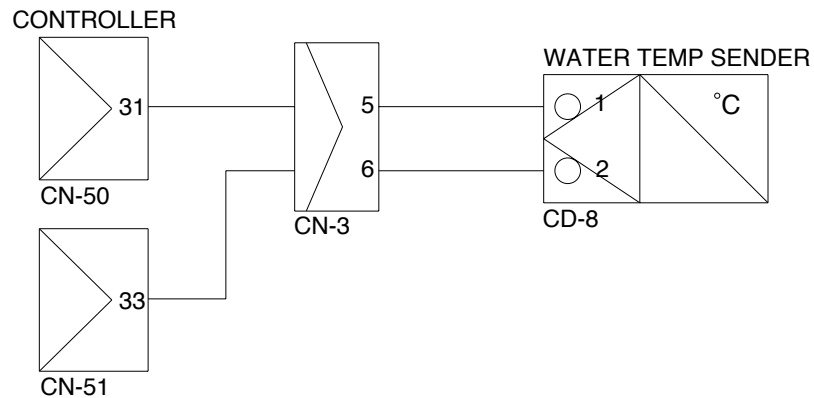
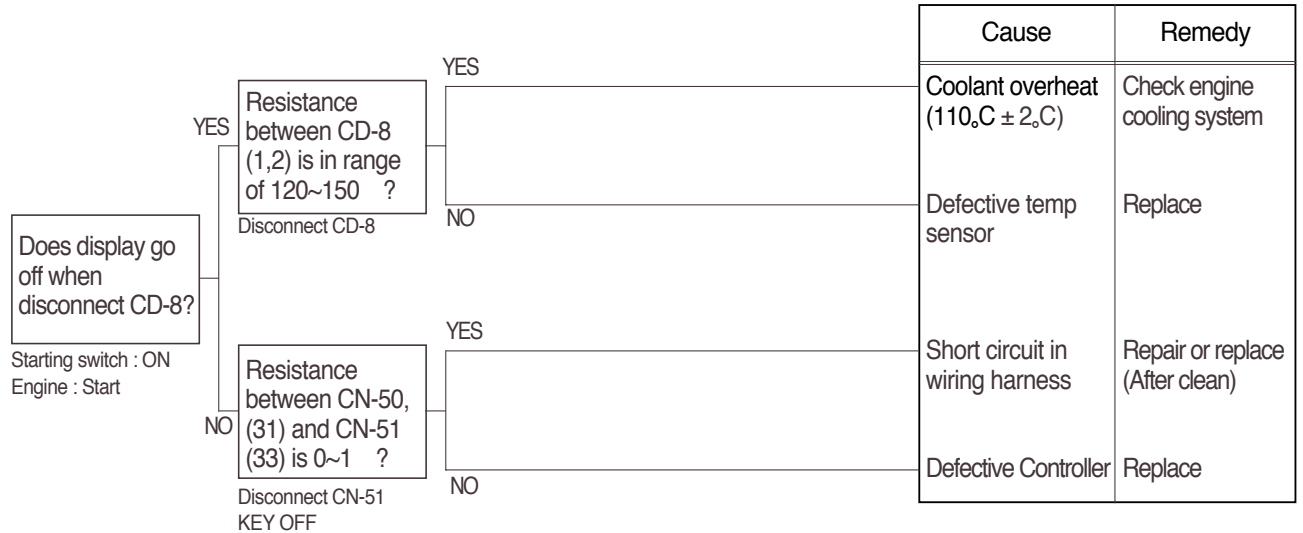
Check voltage

YES	20 ~ 32V
NO	0V

25076ES02

4. WHEN COOLANT OVERHEAT WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Engine is started)

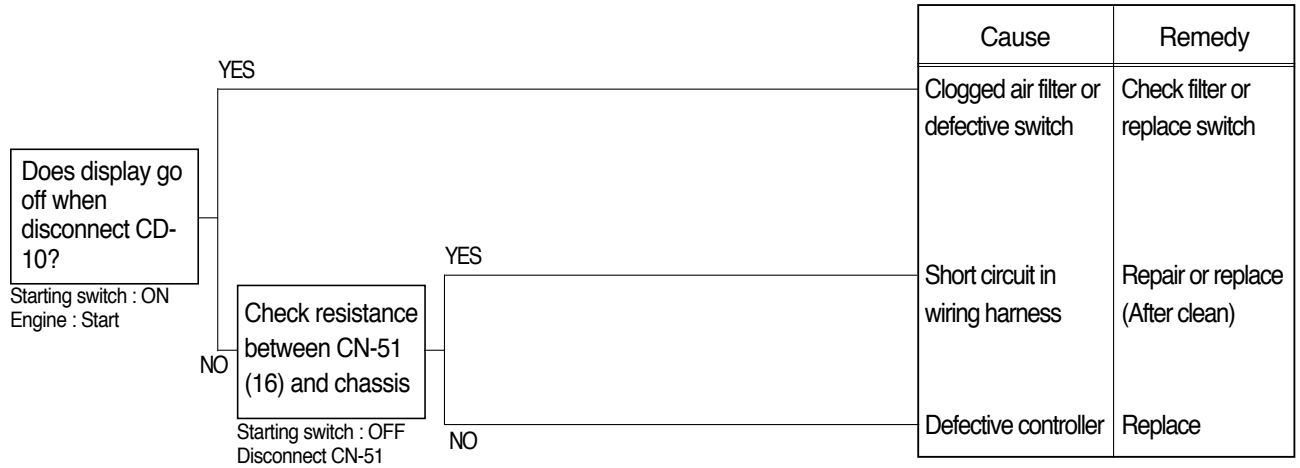
- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



14W76TS04

5. WHEN AIR CLEANER WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Engine is started)

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



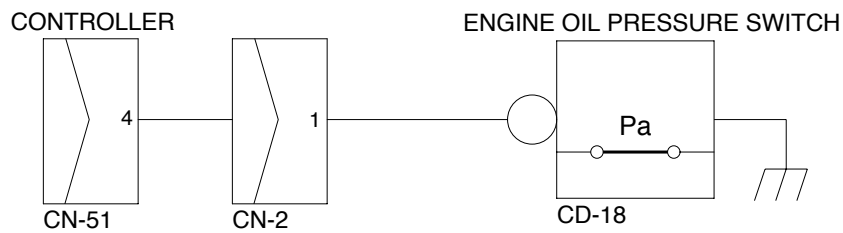
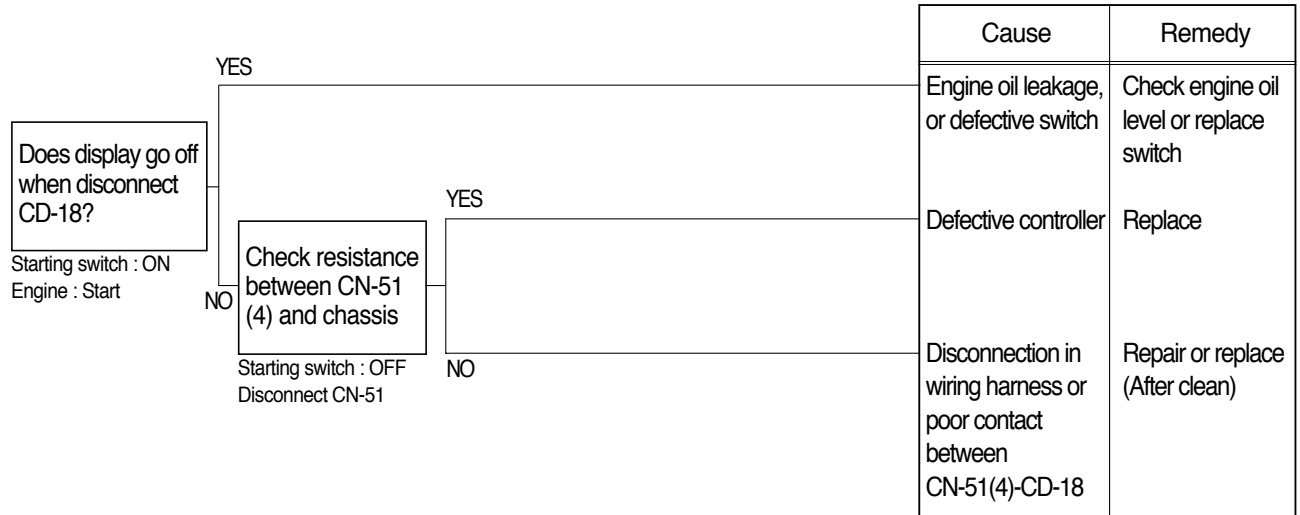
Check resistance

YES	MAX 1
NO	MIN 1M

25036EL05

6.  **WHEN ENGINE OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Engine is started)**

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



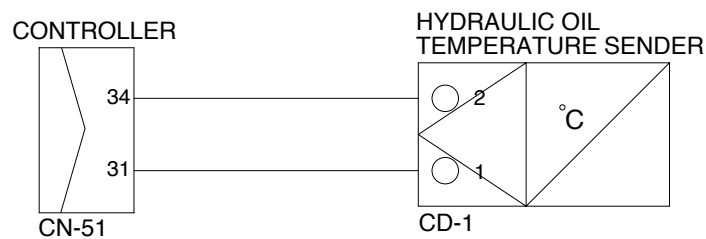
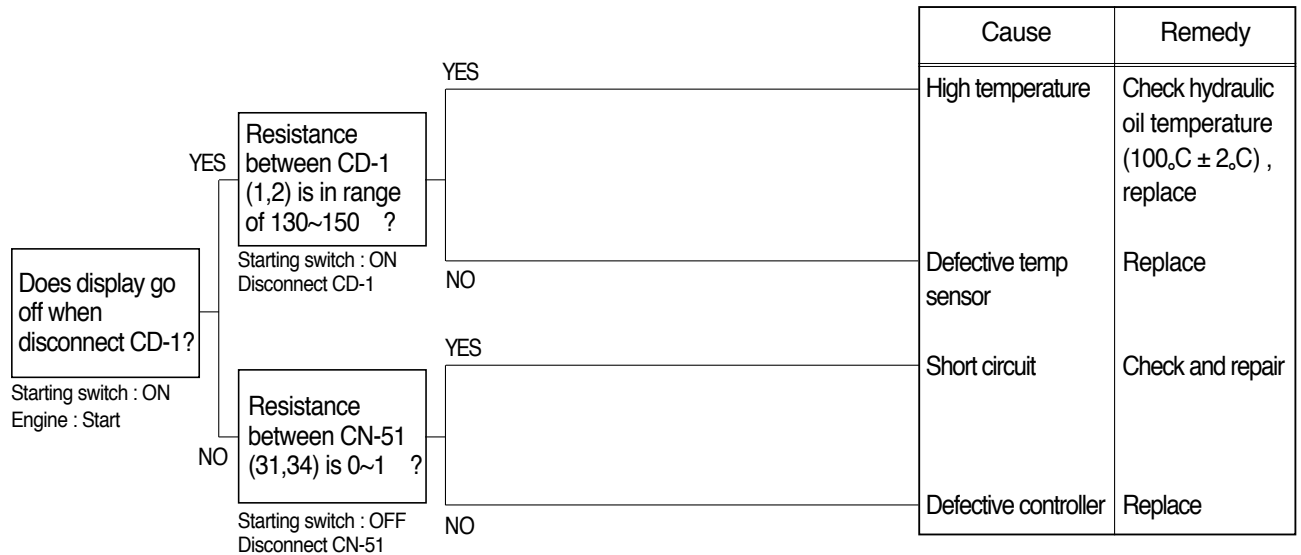
Check resistance

YES	MAX 1
NO	MIN 1M

29076ES03

7. WHEN HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Engine is started)

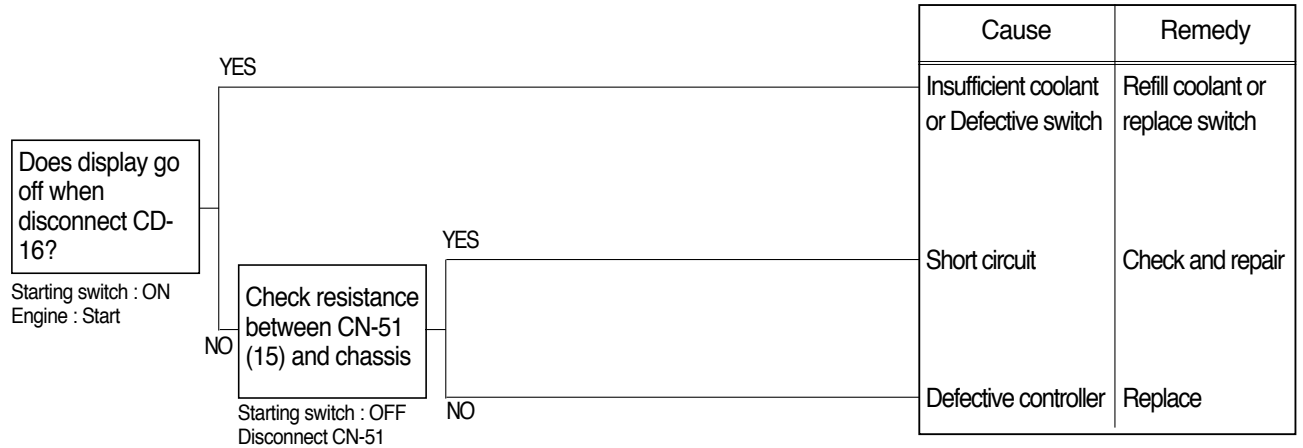
- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



29076ES04

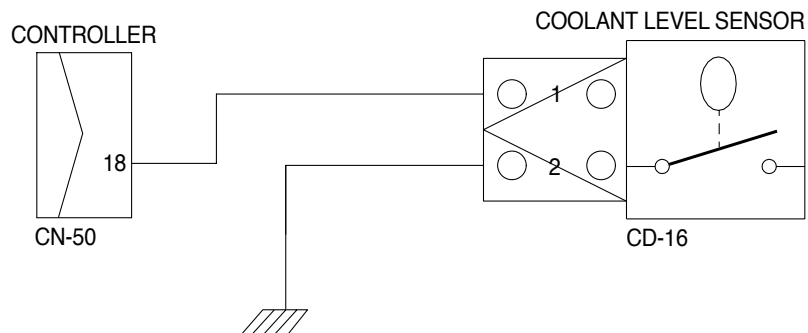
8. WHEN COOLANT LEVEL WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP(Engine is started)

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check resistance

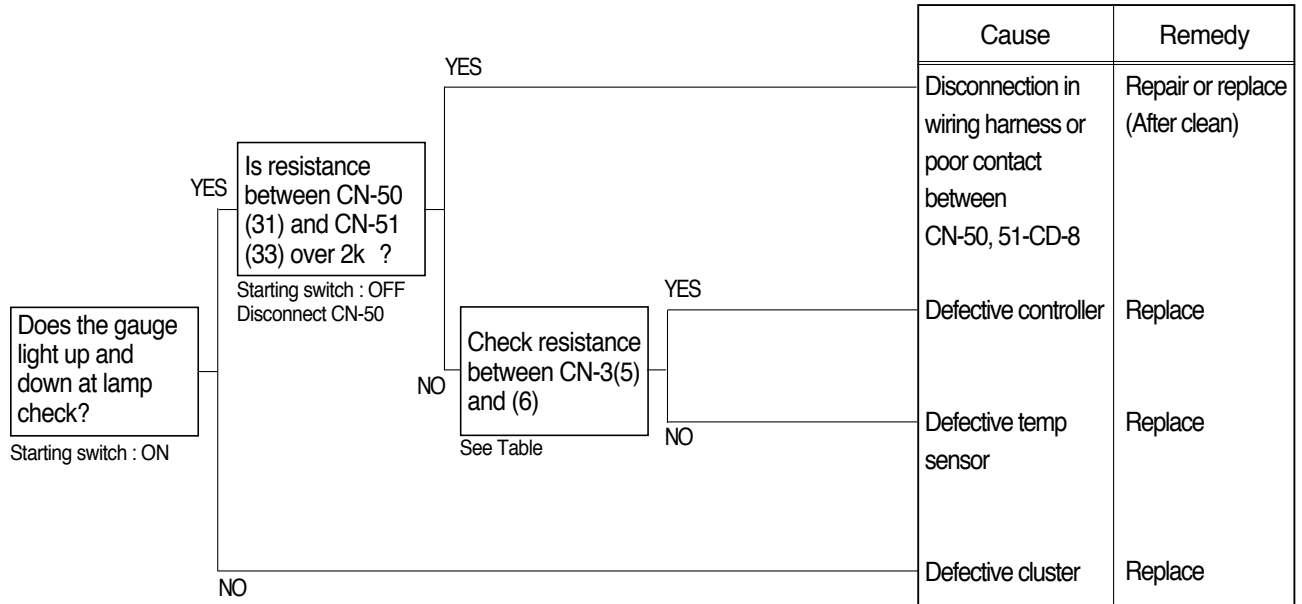
YES	MAX 1
NO	MIN 1M



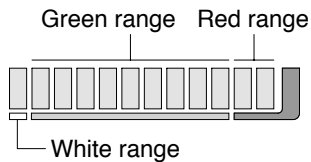
25076EL08

9. WHEN COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE

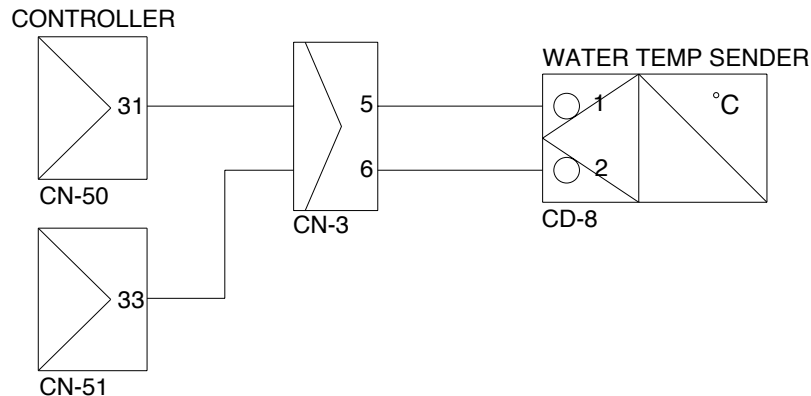
- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check Table

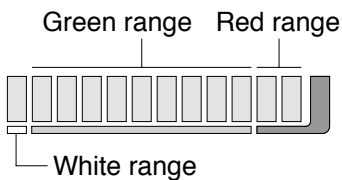
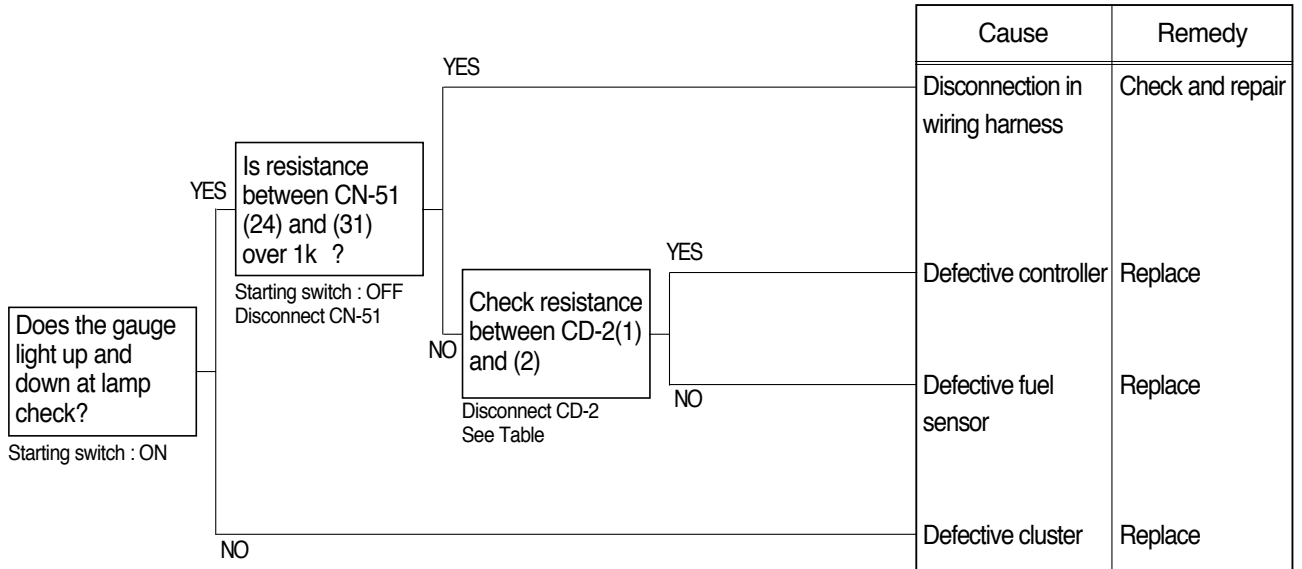


Temperature Item	White range (~29°C)	Green range (30~105°C)	Red range (105°C ~)
Unit Resistance()	1646~	1645~158	~139
Tolerance(%)	± 20	± 20	± 20



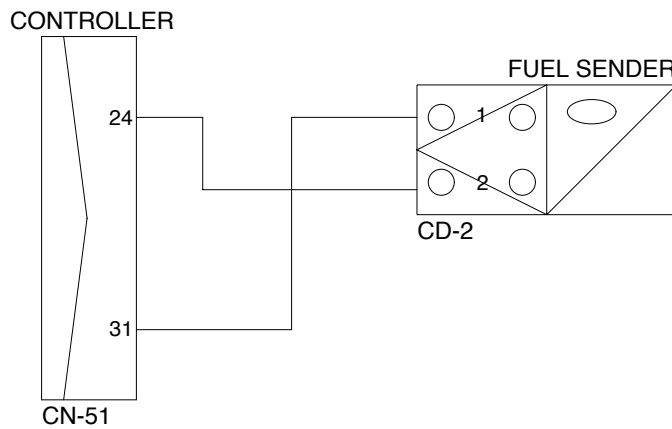
10. WHEN FUEL GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE (Check warning lamp ON/OFF)

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check Table

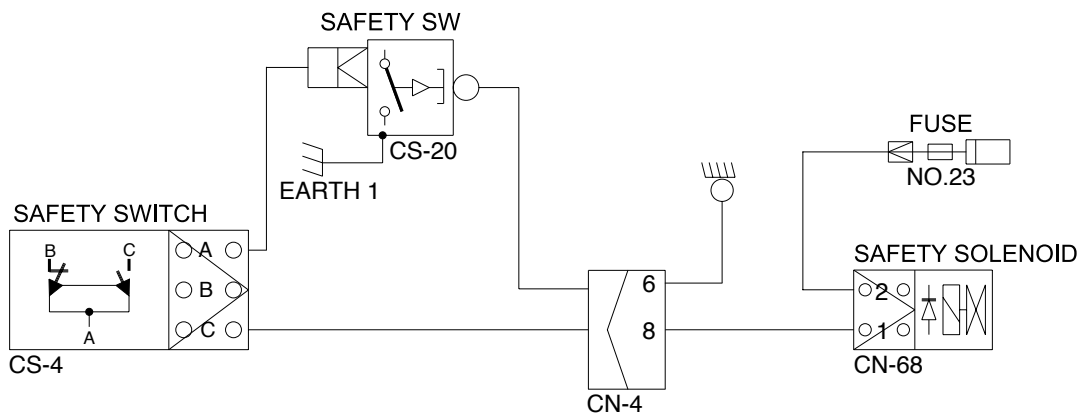
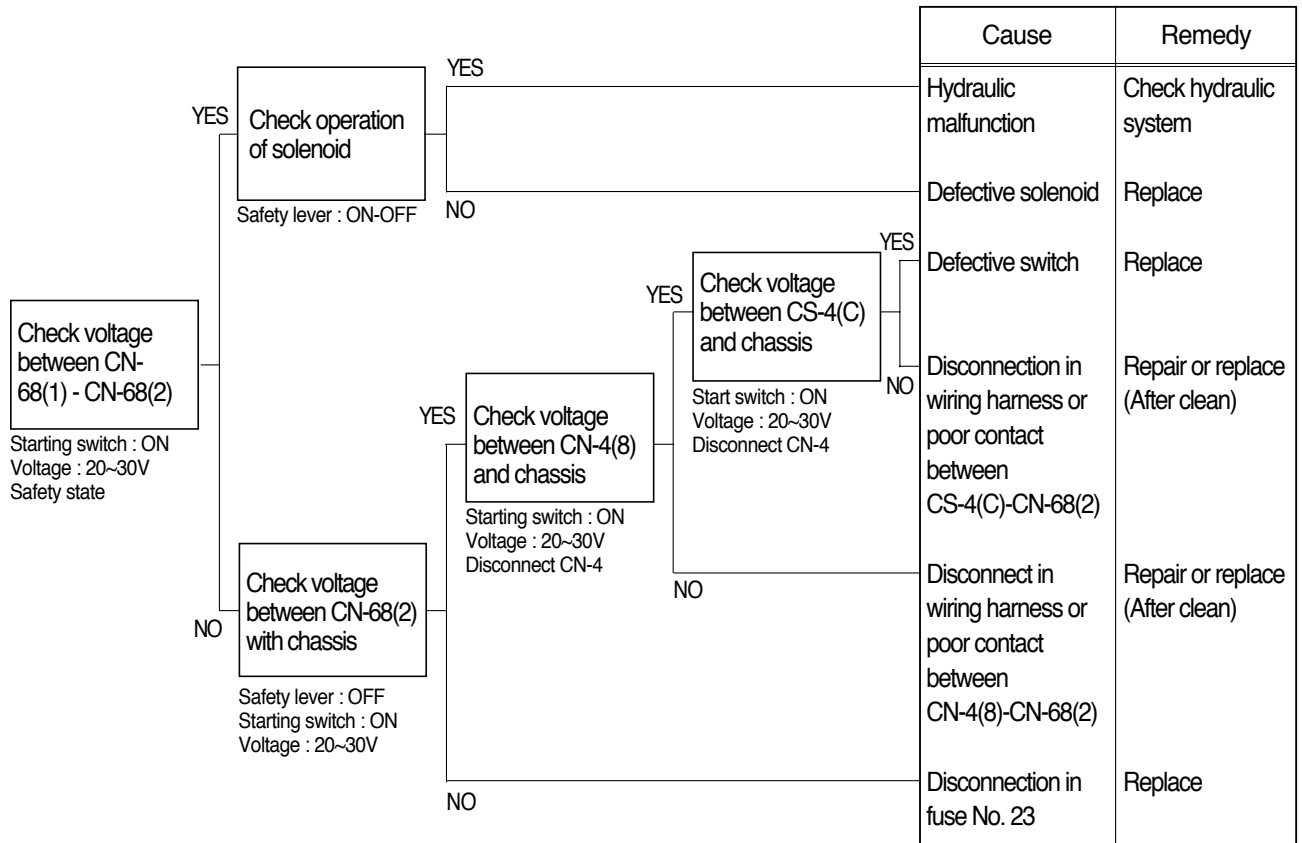
Item \ Level	White range	Green range	Red range
Unit Resistance()	700~601	600~101	~100
Tolerance(%)	± 5	± 5	± 5



29076ES06

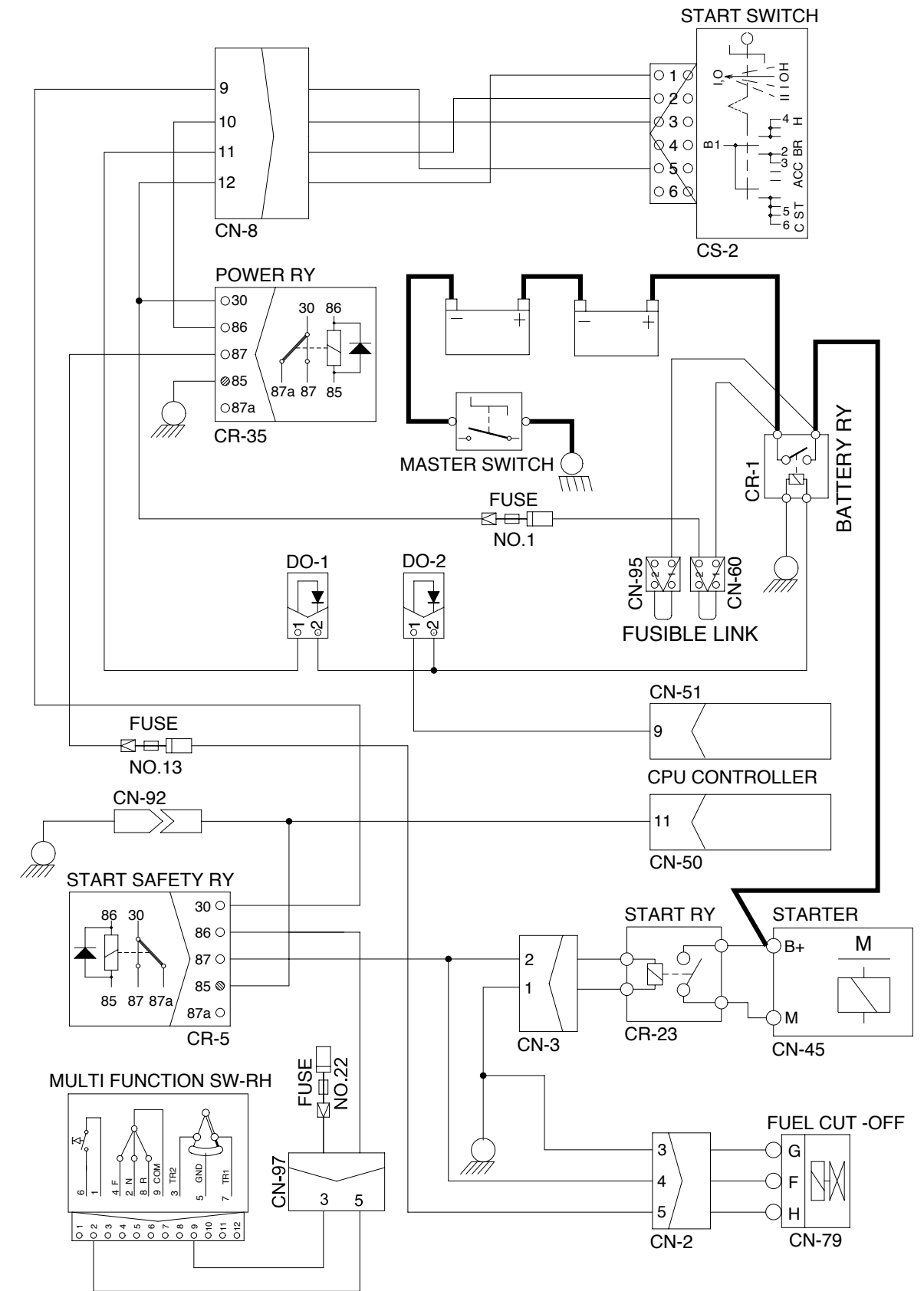
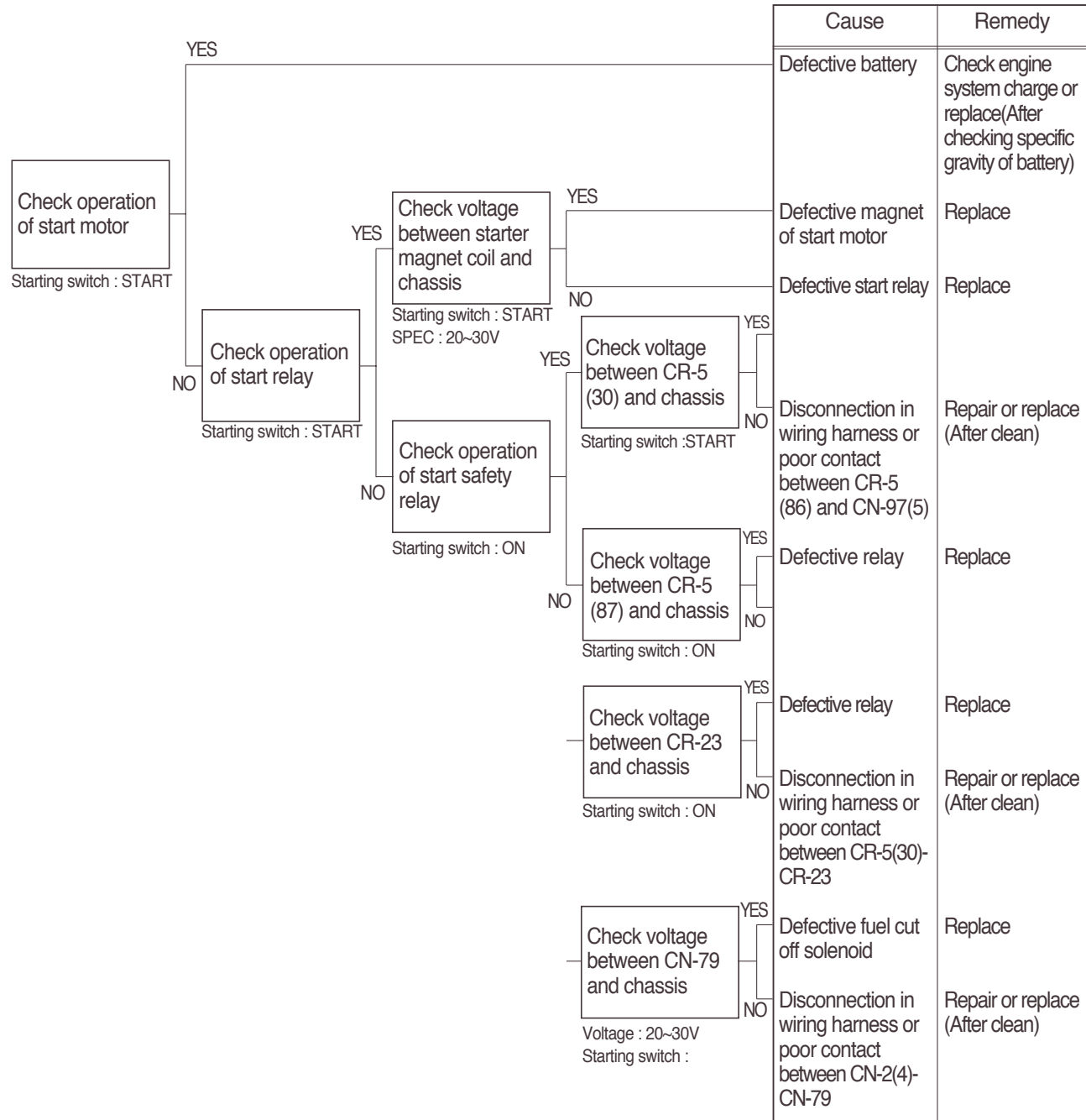
11. WHEN SAFETY SOLENOID DOES NOT OPERATE

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.23.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



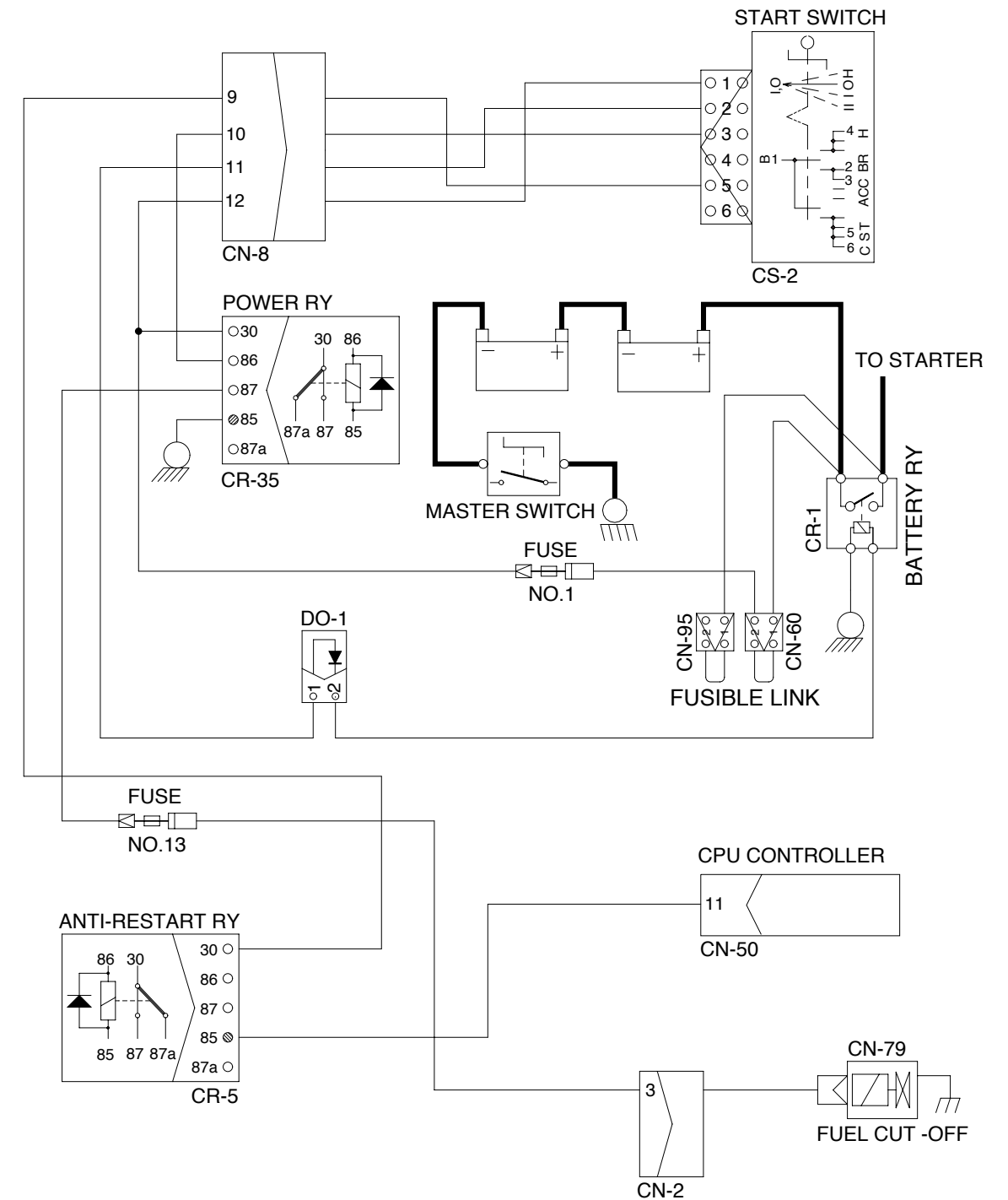
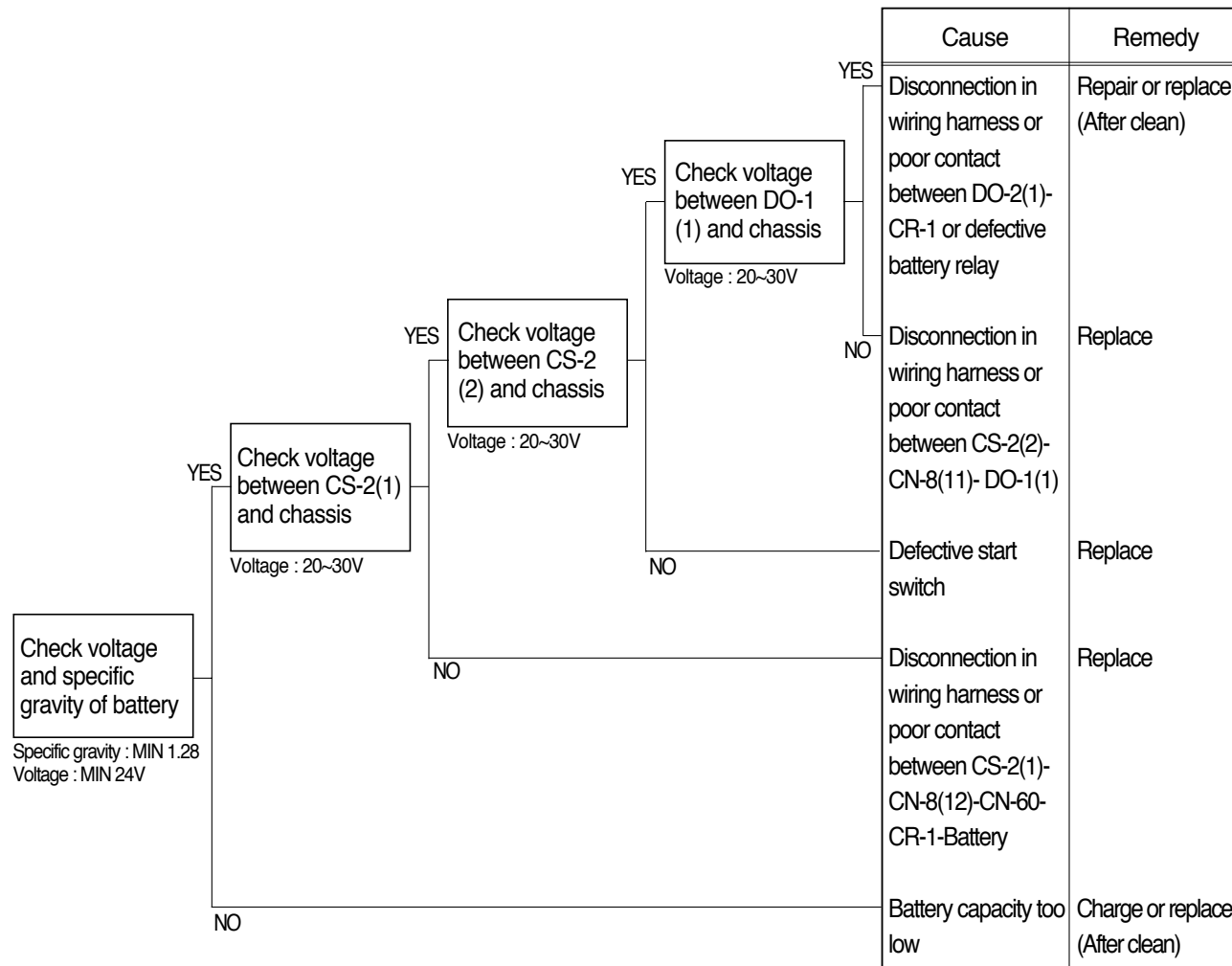
12. WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT START

- Check supply of the power at engine stop solenoid while starting switch is ON.
- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



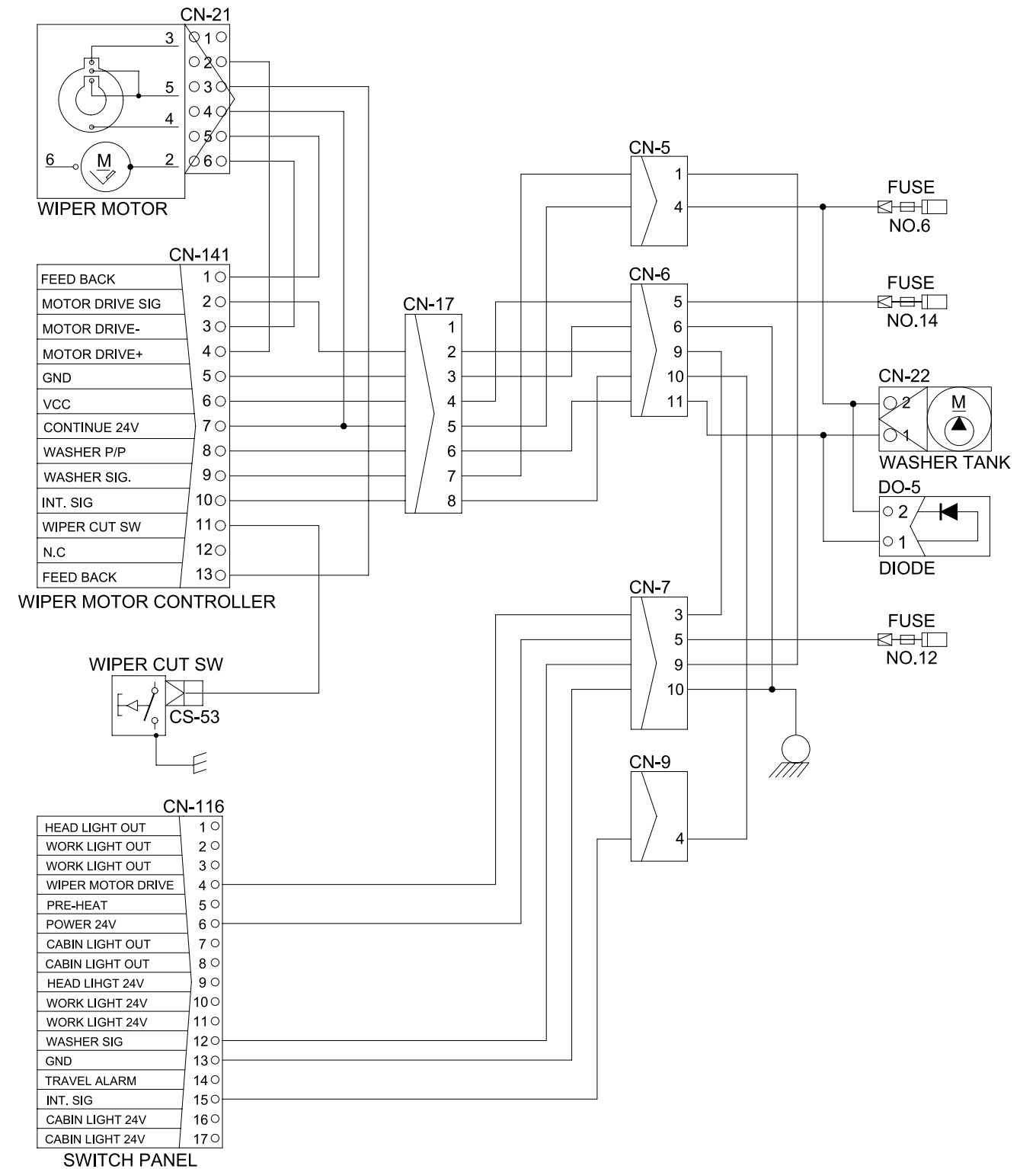
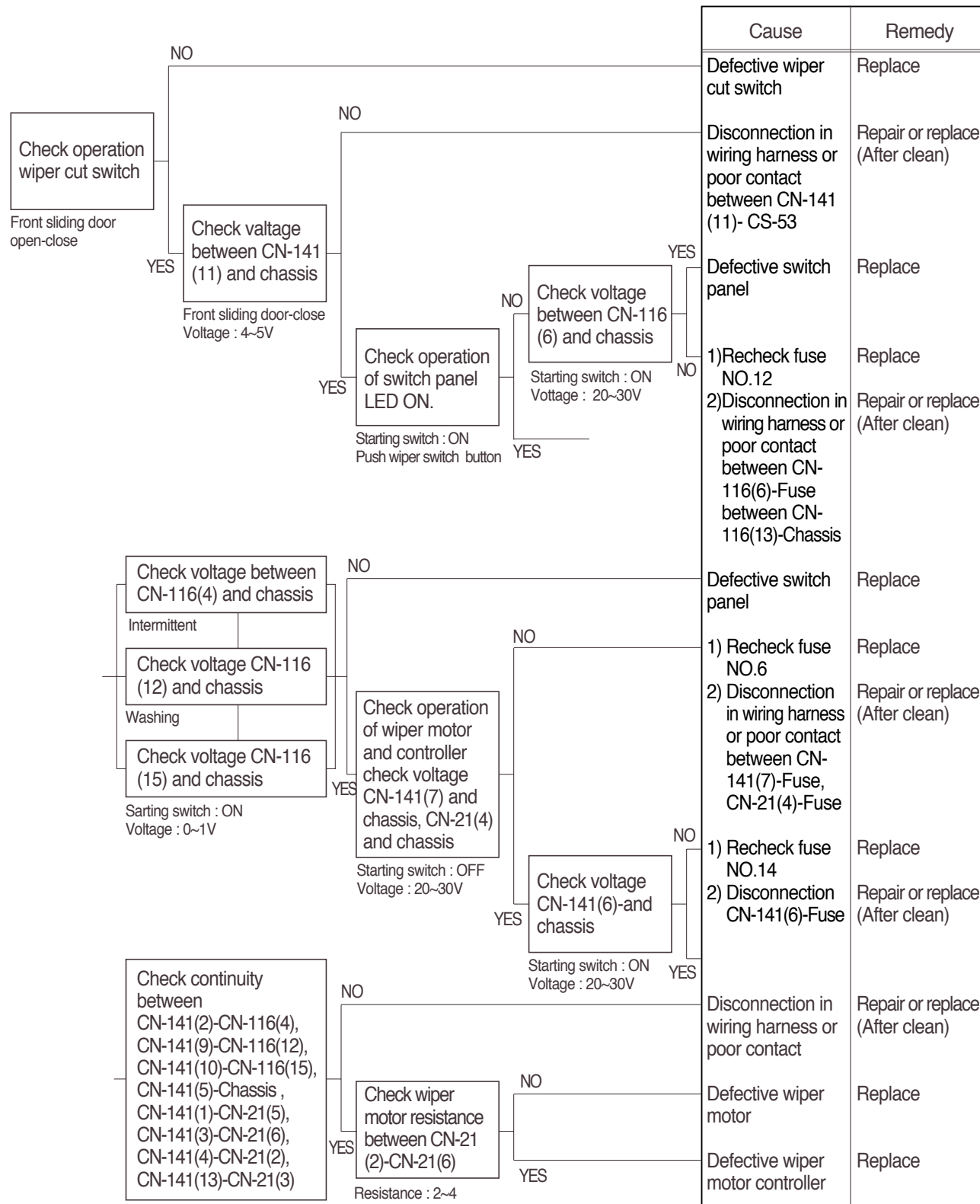
13. WHEN STARTING SWITCH ON DOES NOT OPERATE

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and master switch ON
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



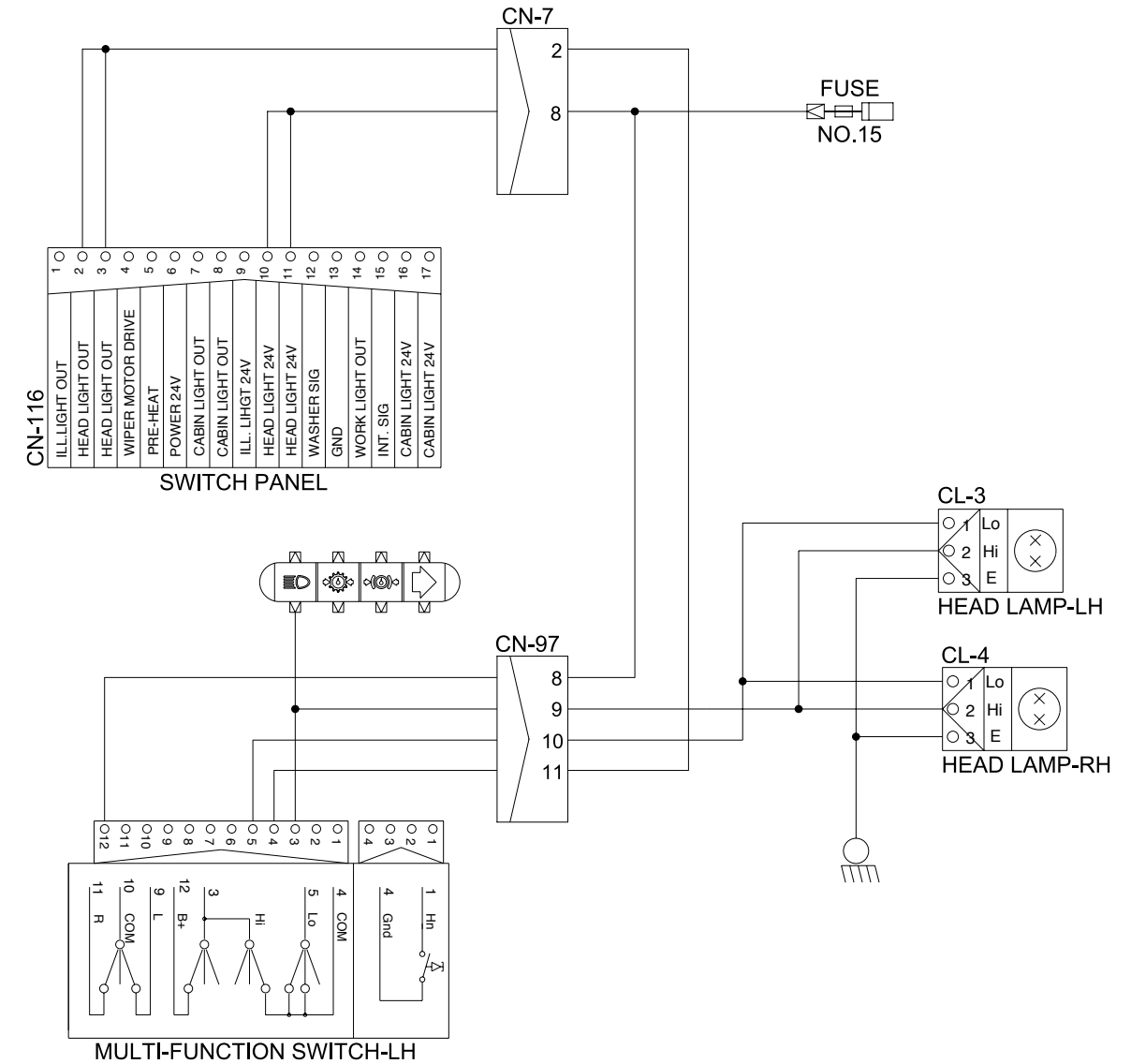
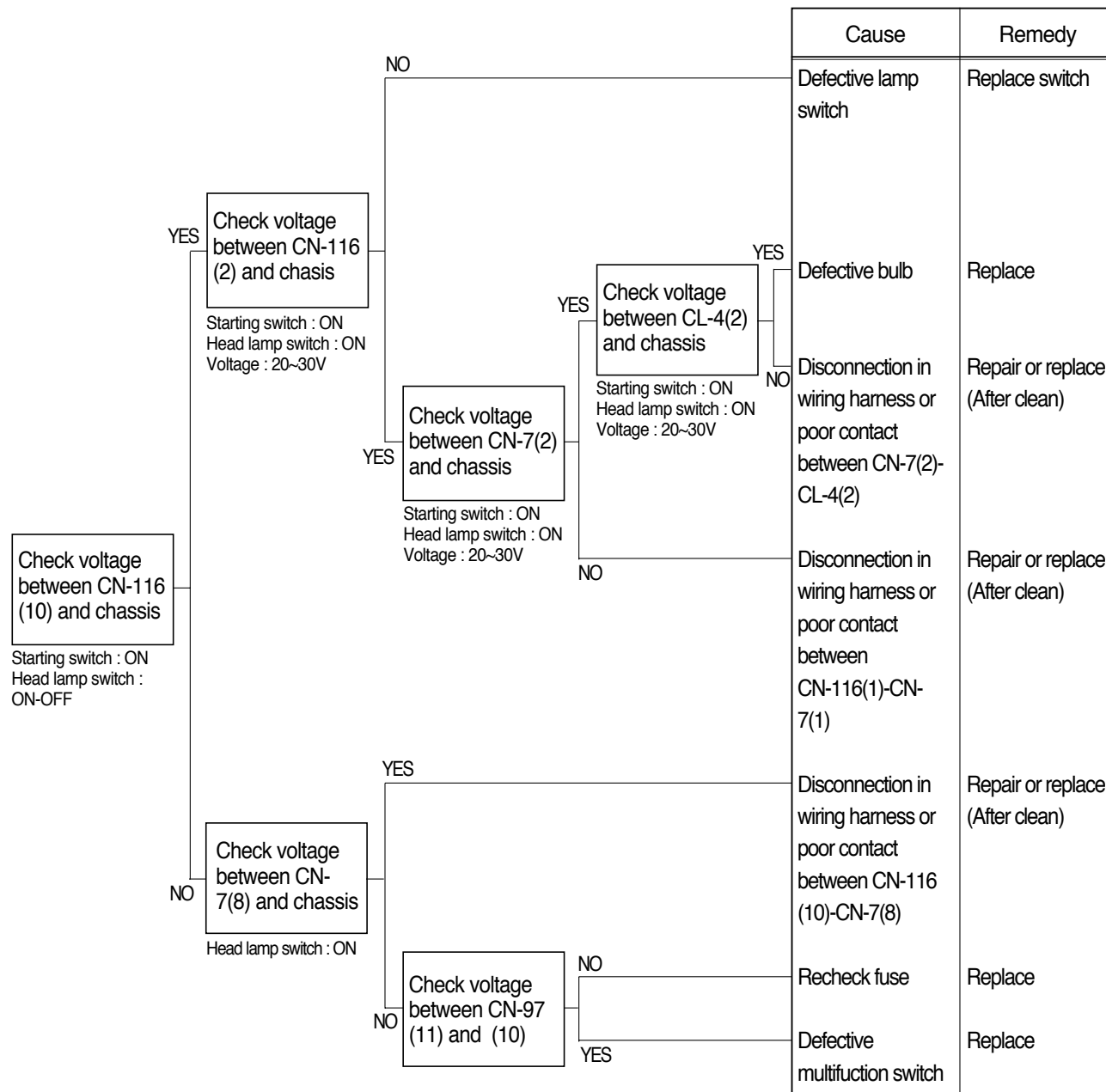
14. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WIPER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and the fuse No.4,11 and 13 is not blown out.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



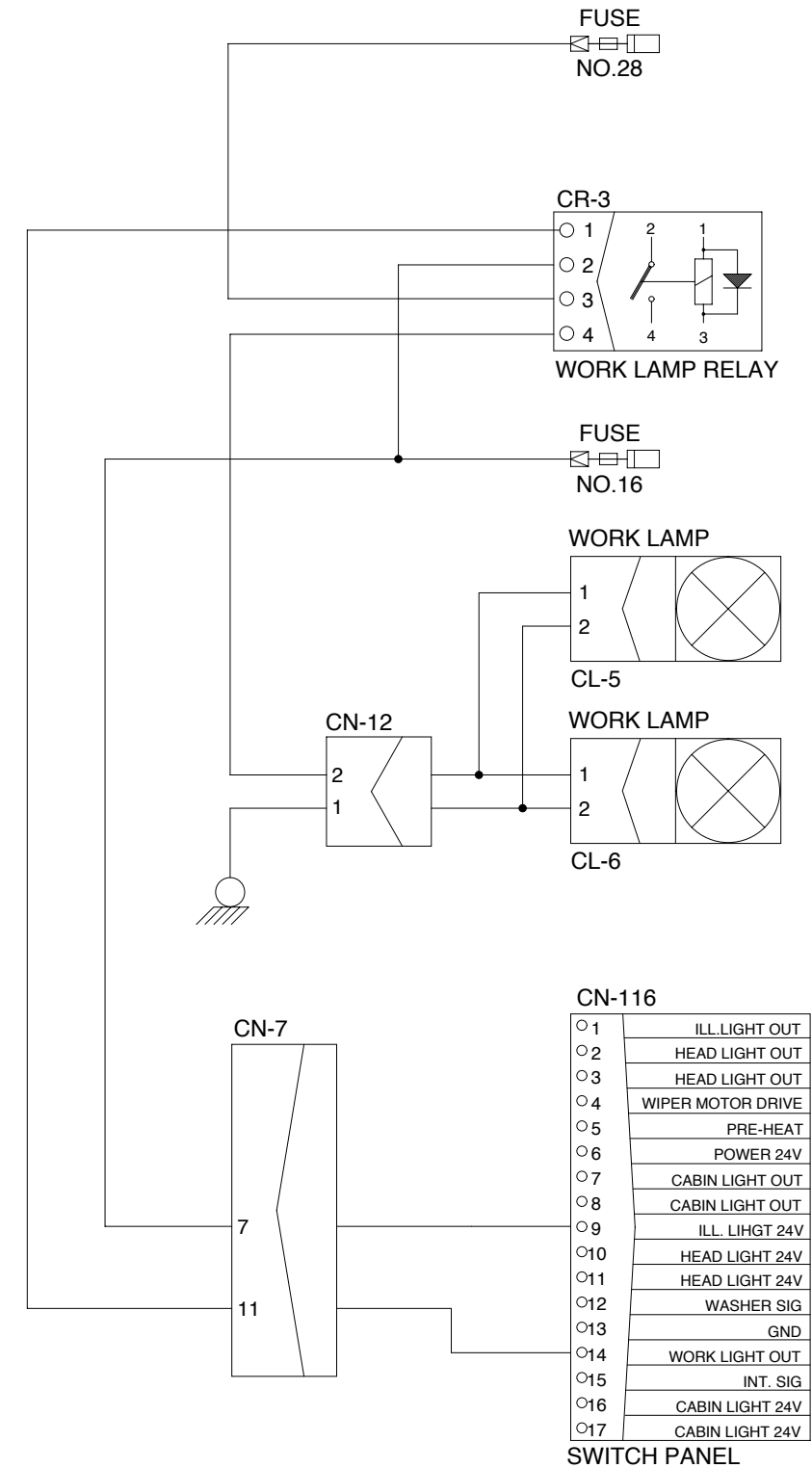
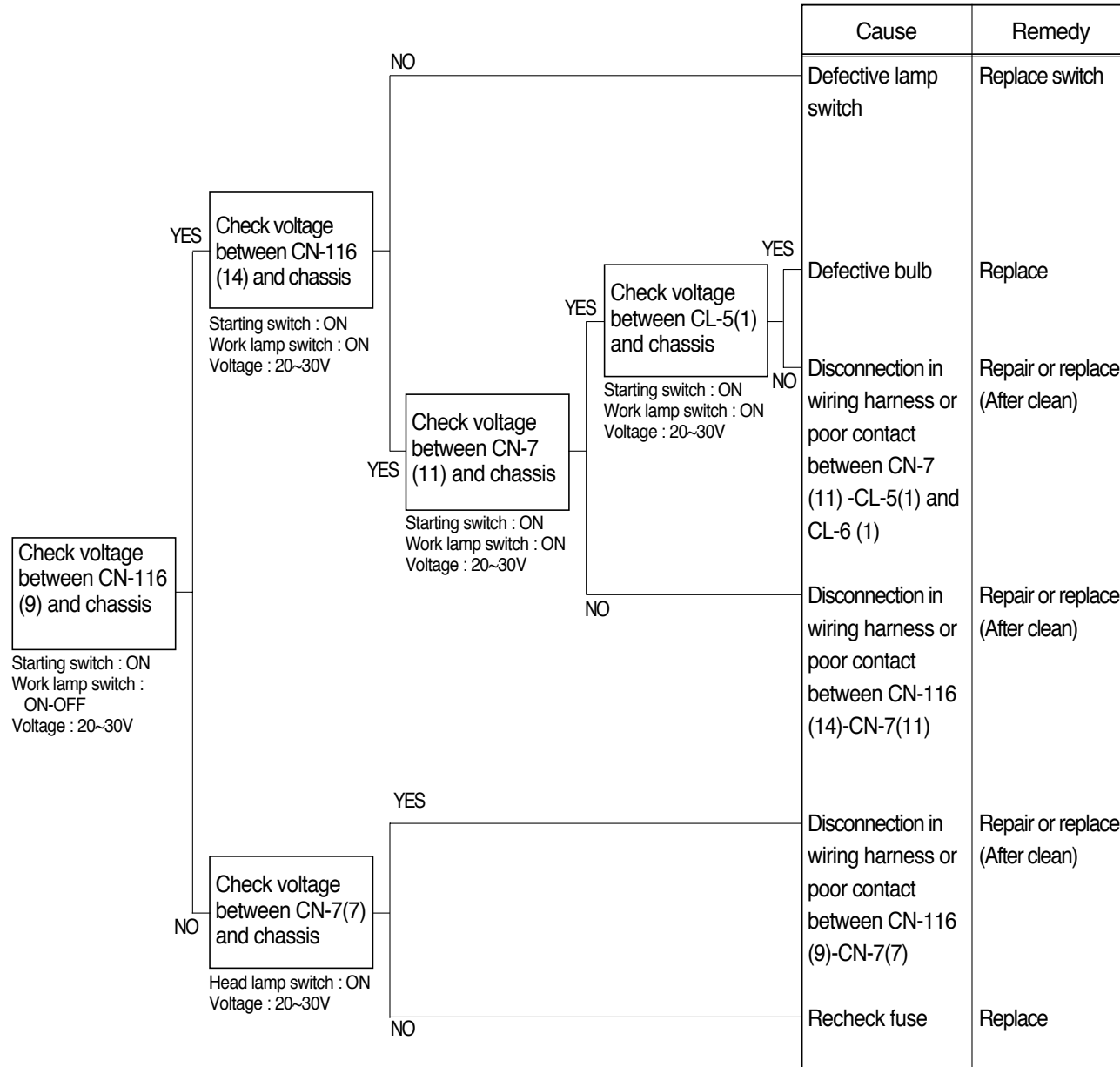
15. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, HEAD LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.15.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



16. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WORK LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.16.
- After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



GROUP 4 MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

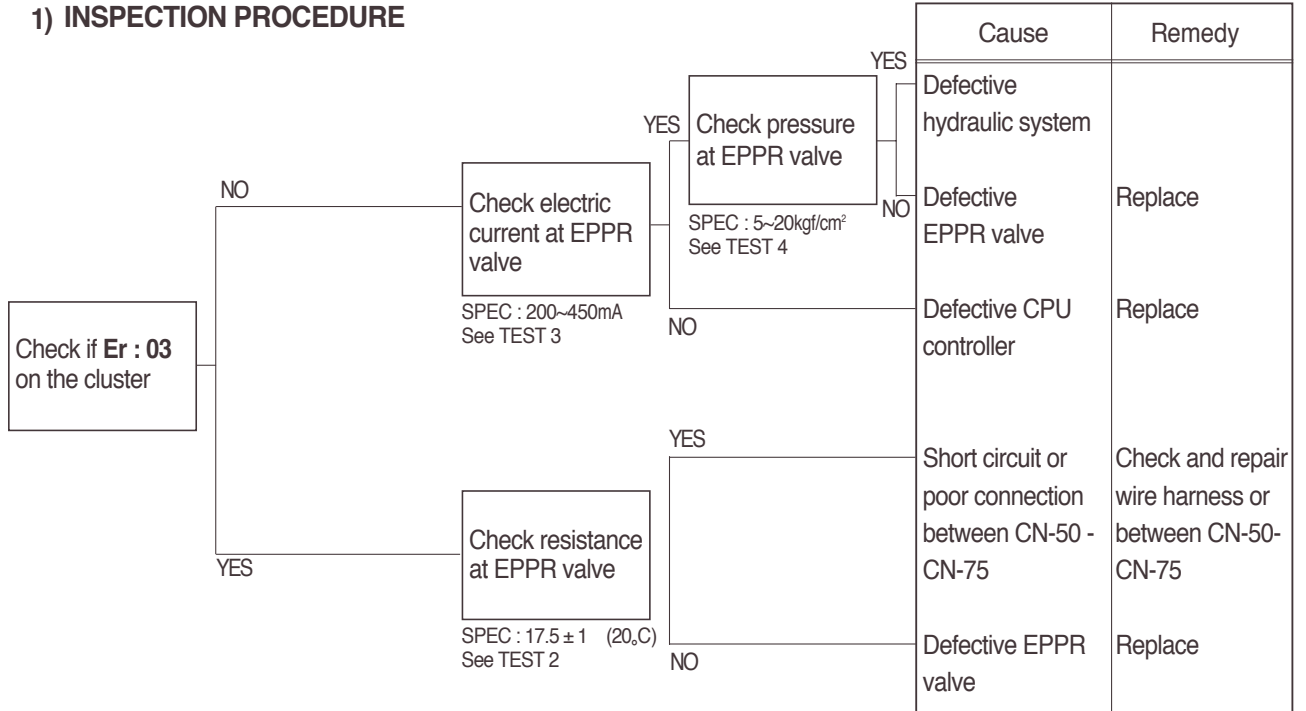
1. ALL ACTUATORS SPEED ARE SLOW

Boom, Arm, Bucket, Swing and travel speed are slow, but engine speed is good.

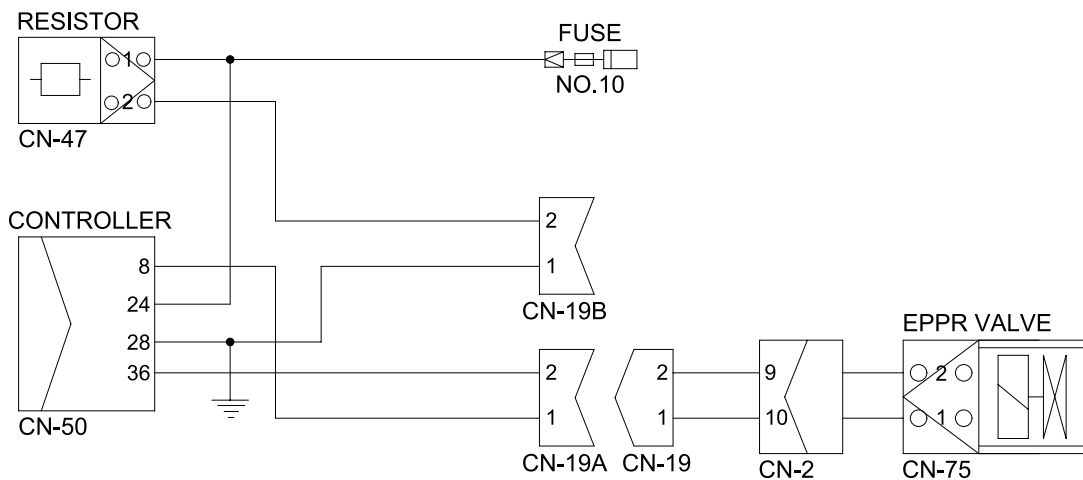
Spec : H-mode $2200 \pm 50\text{rpm}$ S-mode $2100 \pm 50\text{rpm}$

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



20W76MS01

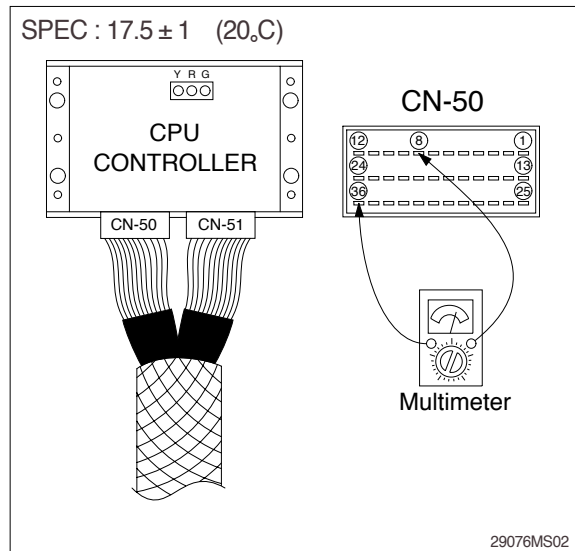
2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 1** : Check resistance at connector CN-50(8)-(36).

Starting key OFF.

Disconnect connector CN-50.

Check resistance between pin and at connector CN-50(8)-(36).

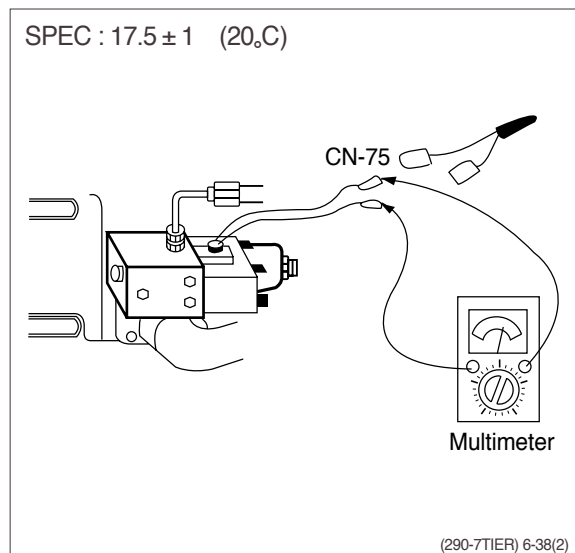


- (2) **Test 2** : Check resistance at connector CN-75.

Starting key OFF.

Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve at main hydraulic pump.

Check resistance between 2 lines as figure.



- (3) **Test 3** : Check electric current at EPPR valve.

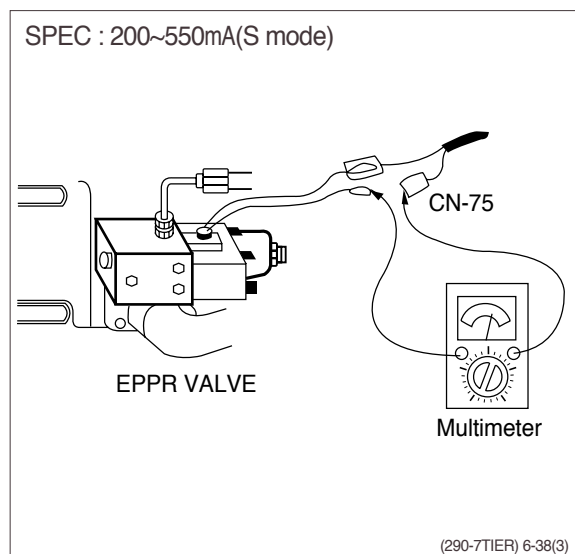
Install multimeter as figure.

Start engine.

Set the accel dial at "10"(MAX)

Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.

If tachometer show approx 2100 ± 50 rpm, check electric current.



(2) **Test 4** : Check pressure at EPPR valve.
Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.

- Gauge capacity : 0 to 40~50kgf/cm²
(0 to 570~710psi)

Start engine.

Set the accel dial at "10"(Max).

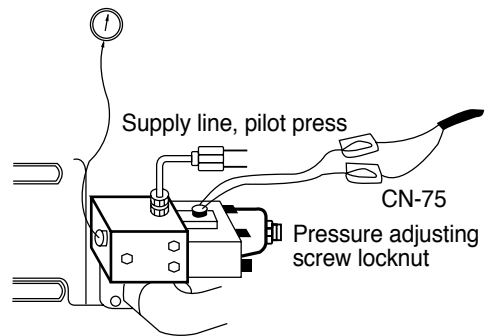
Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.

If tachometer show approx 2100 ± 50rpm,
check pressure.

If pressure is not correct, adjust it.

After adjust, test the machine.

SPEC : 5~20kgf/cm²(70~280psi)

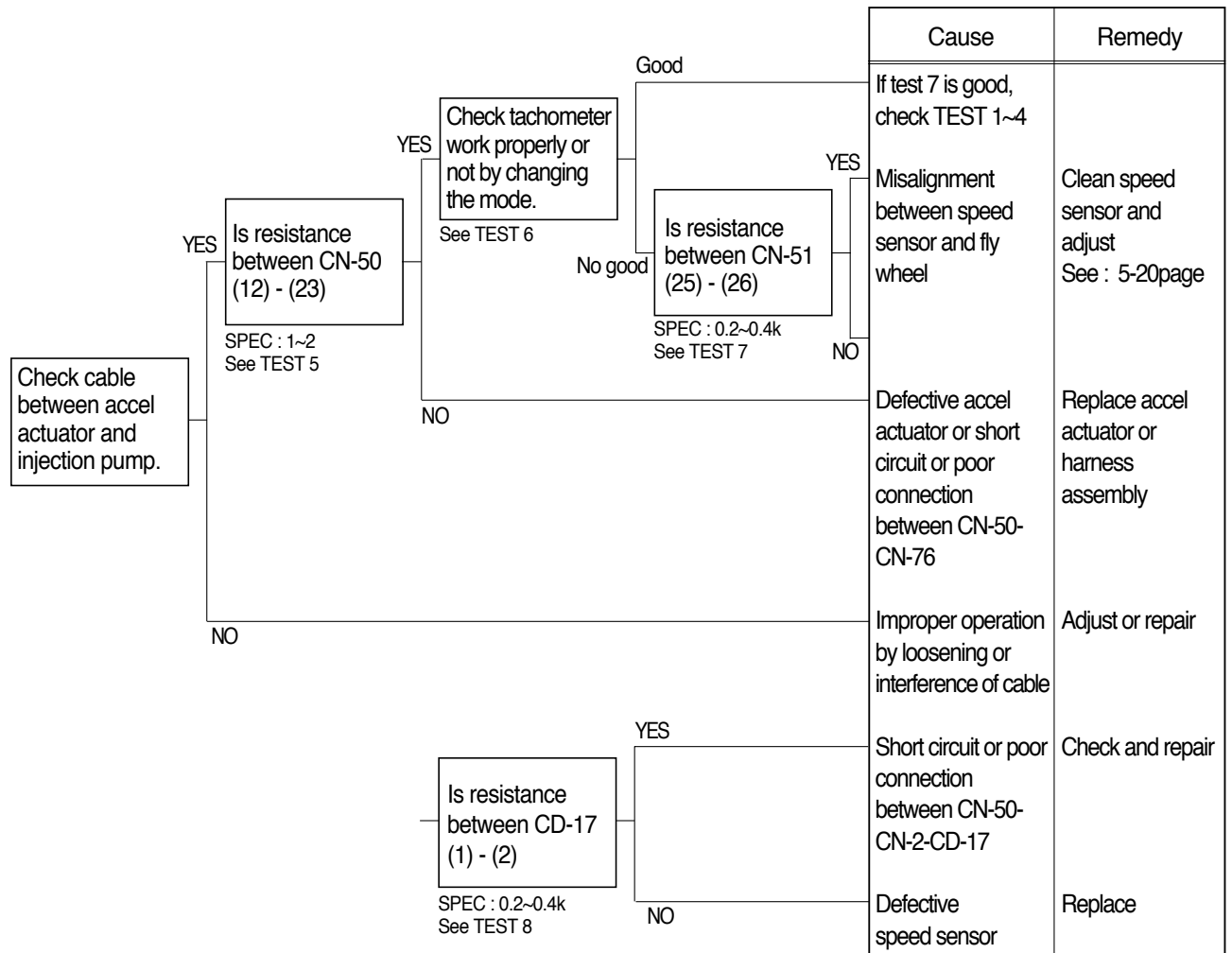


(290-7TIER) 6-39(1)

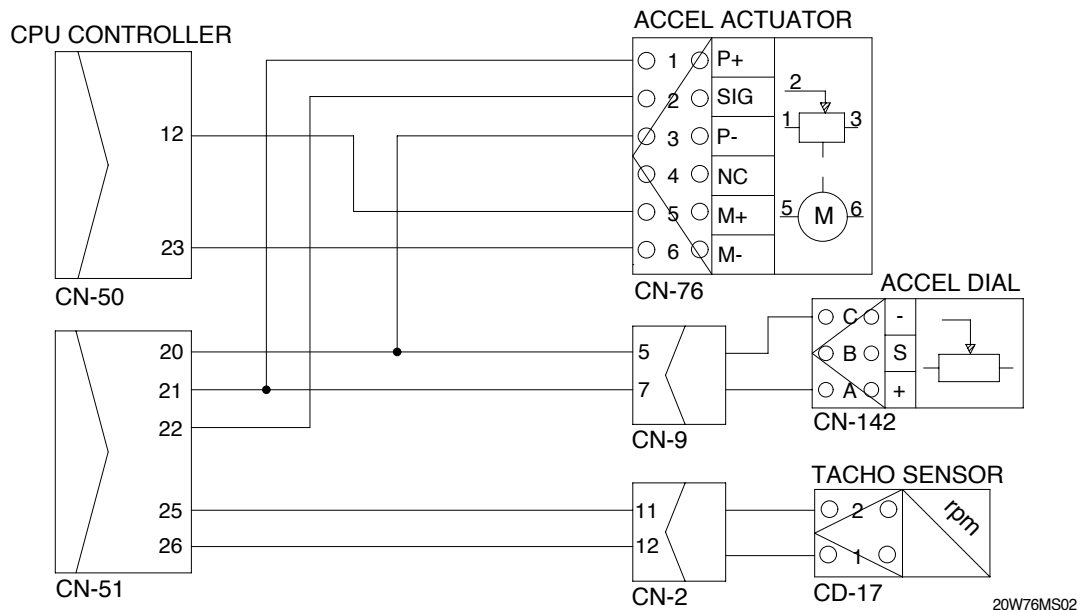
2. ENGINE SPEED IS SLOW AT ALL MODE

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



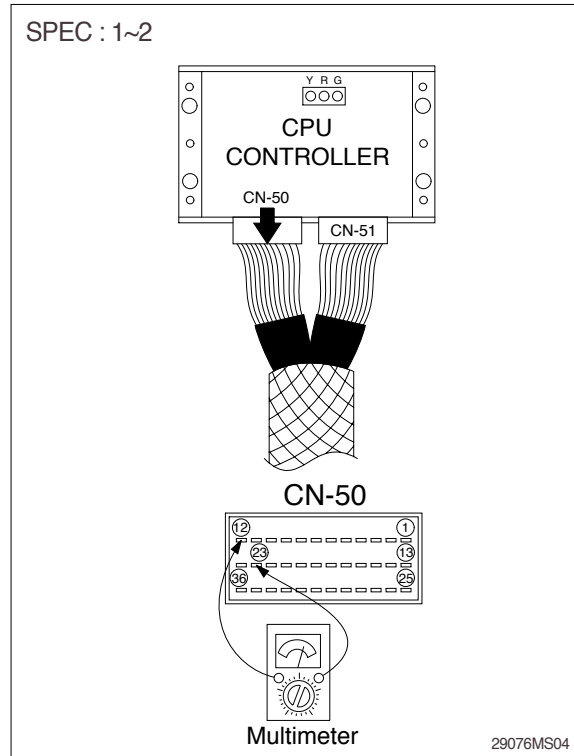
2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 5** : Check resistance between CN-50 (12)-(23).

Starting key OFF.

Disconnect connector CN-50 from CPU controller.

Check resistance as figure.



Unit : rpm

- (2) **Test 6** : Check tachometer(Work properly or not)

Start engine.

Check tachometer reading.

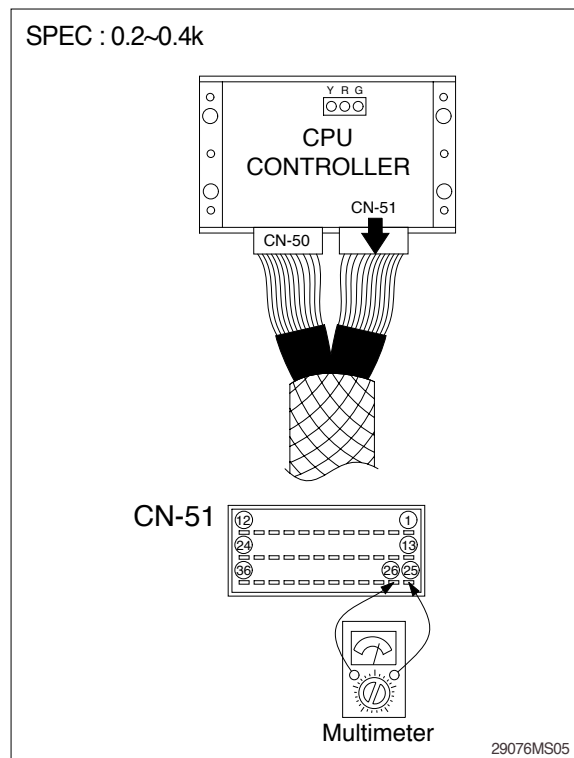
Spec		Remark
H-mode	2200 ± 50	Check rpm after cancel the Auto decel mode.
S-mode	2100 ± 50	

- (3) **Test 7** : Check resistance between CN-51 (25) and CN-51(26).

Starting key OFF.

Disconnect connector CN-51 from CPU controller.

Check resistance as figure.

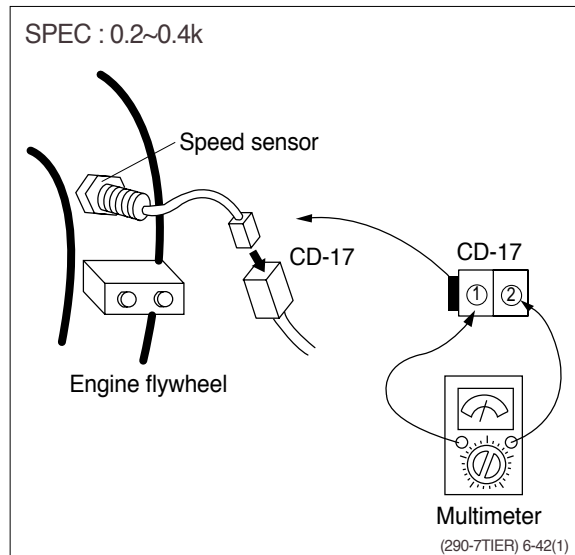


(4) **Test 8** : Check resistance at speed sensor.

Starting key OFF.

Disconnect connector CD-17 of speed sensor at engine flywheel housing.

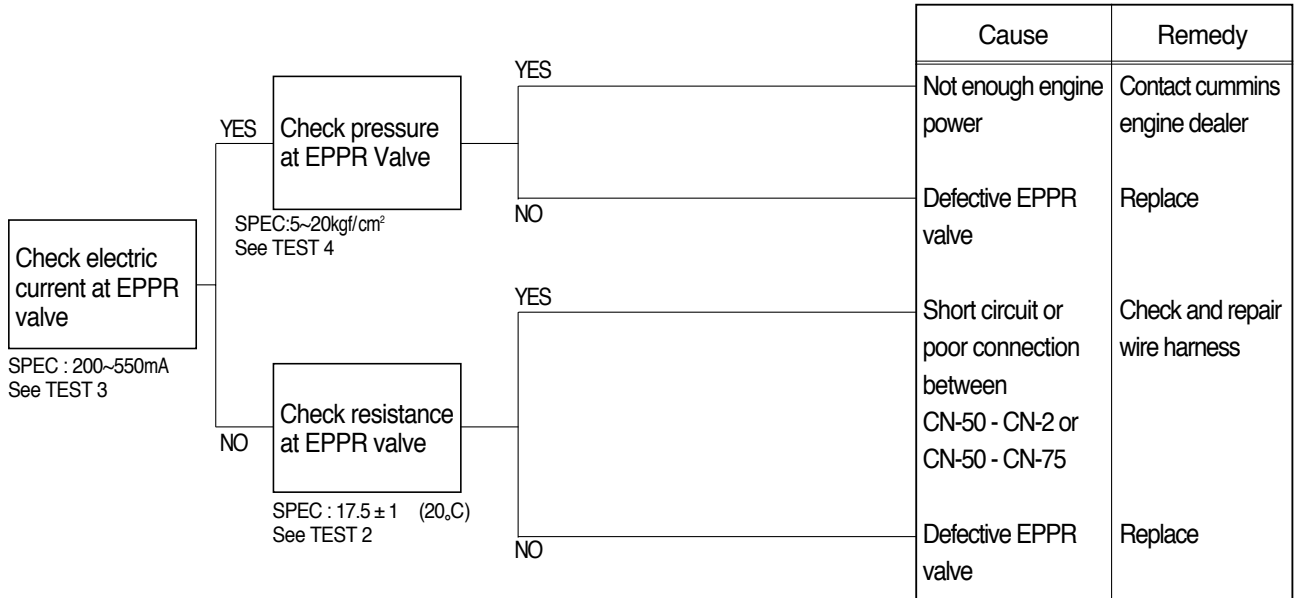
Check resistance as figure.



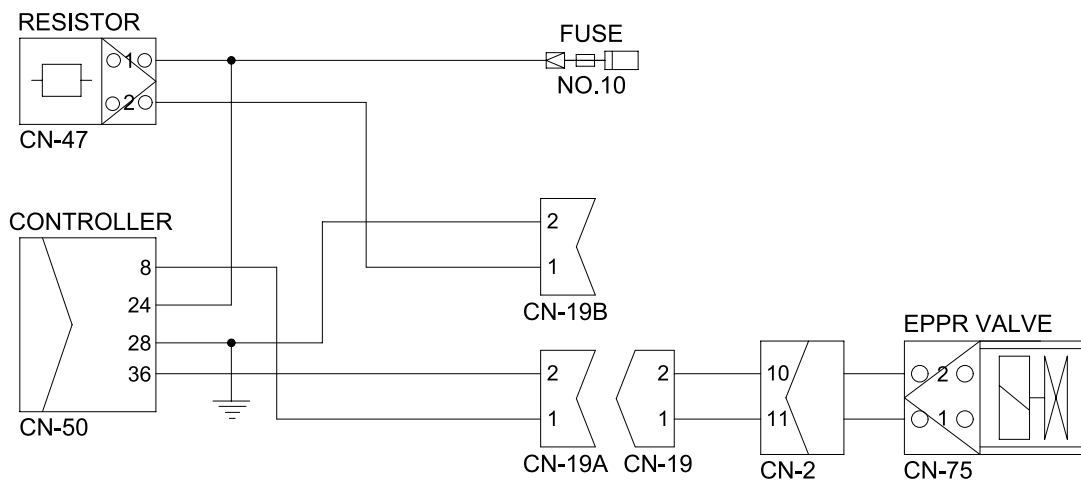
3. ENGINE STALL

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 9** : Check electric current at EPPR valve at S-mode

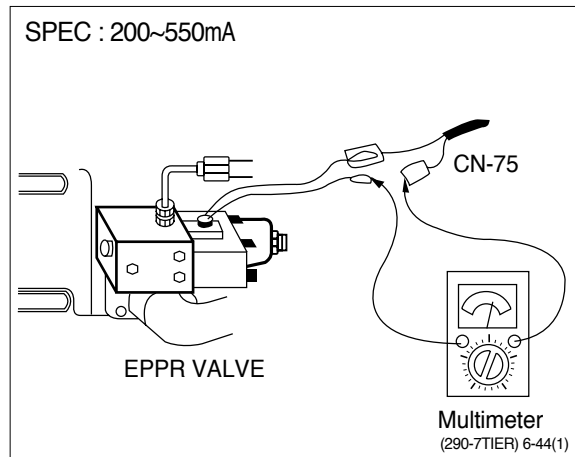
Install multimeter as figure.

Start engine.

Set the accel dial at "10"(max)

Set S-mode with 2100 ± 50 rpm.

Check electric current.



- (2) **Test 10** : Check pressure at EPPR valve at S-mode

Connect pressure gauge at EPPR valve.

Start engine.

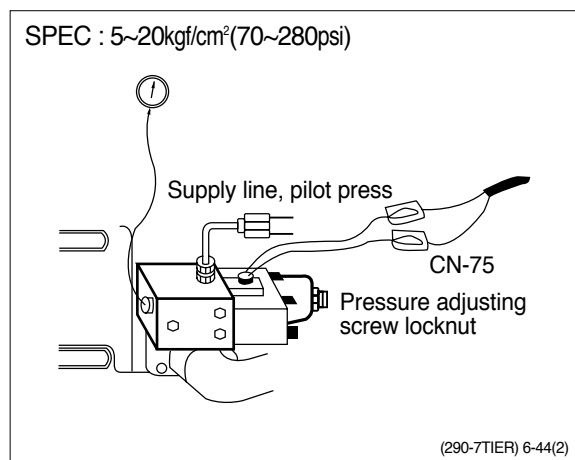
Set the accel dial at "10"(max)

Set S-mode with 2100 ± 50 rpm.

Operate bucket lever completely push or pull.

Hold arm lever at the end of stroke.

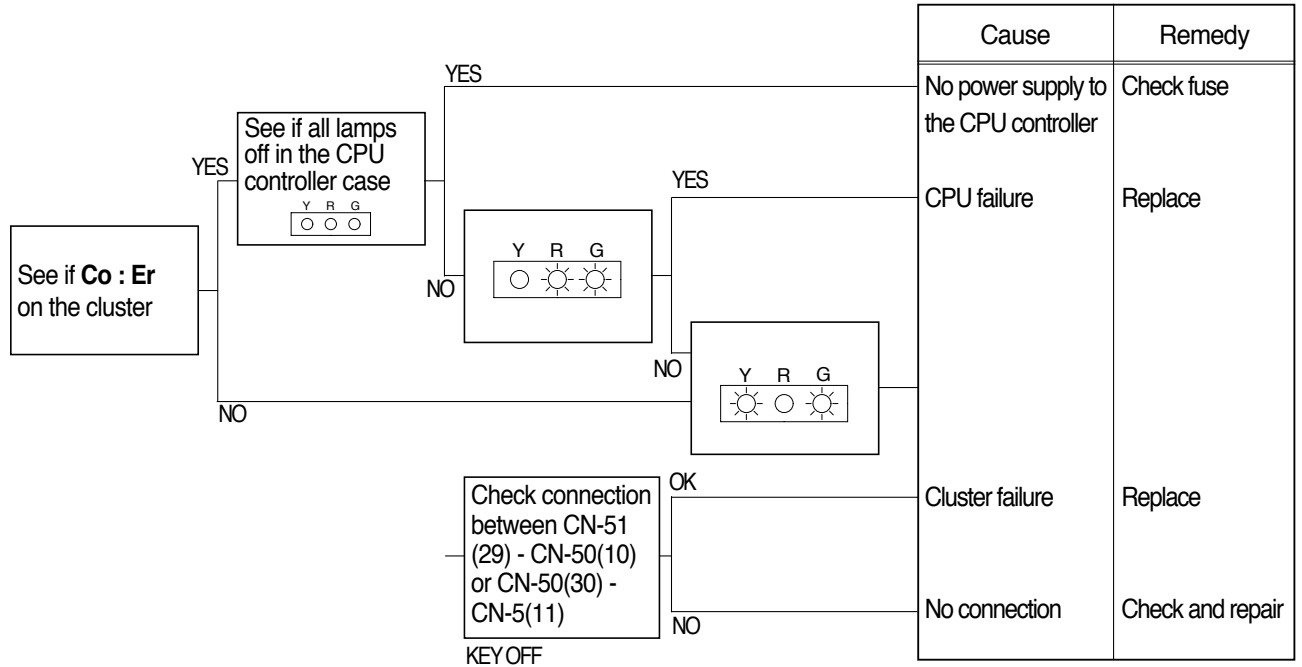
Check pressure at relief position.



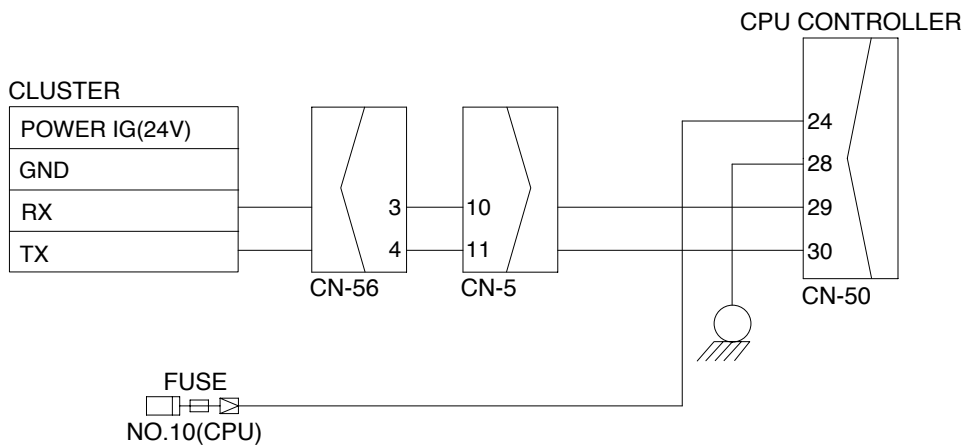
4. MALFUNCTION OF CLUSTER OR MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



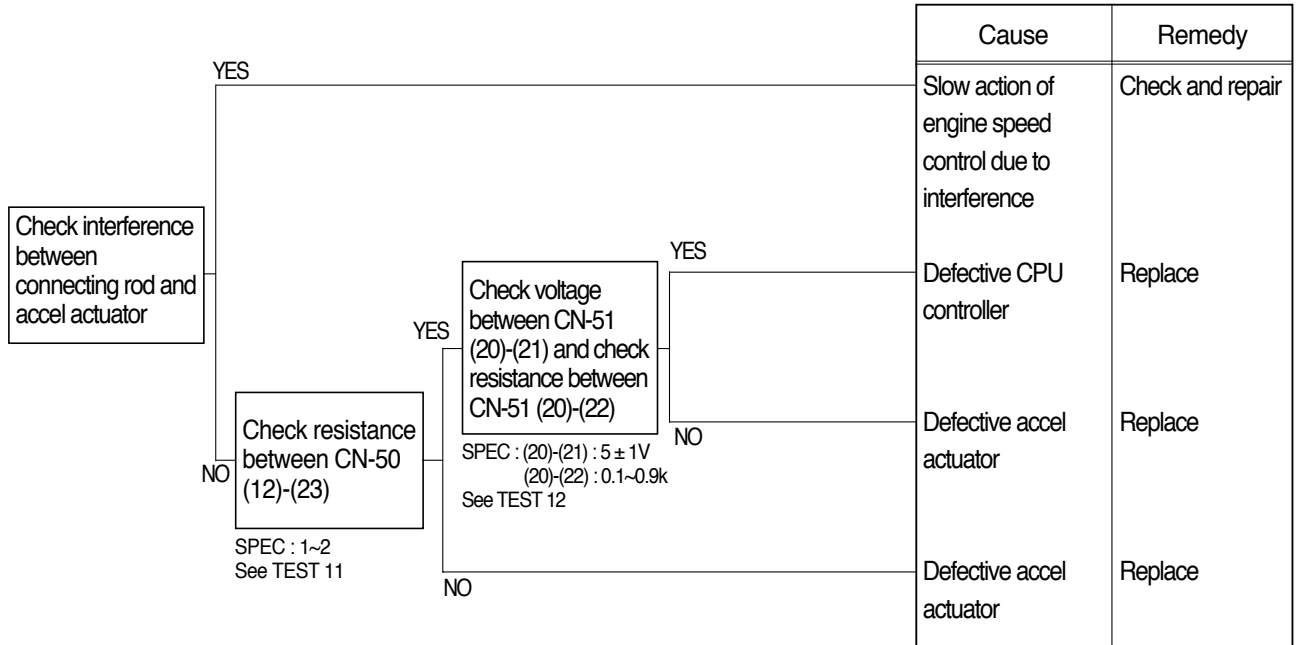
Wiring diagram



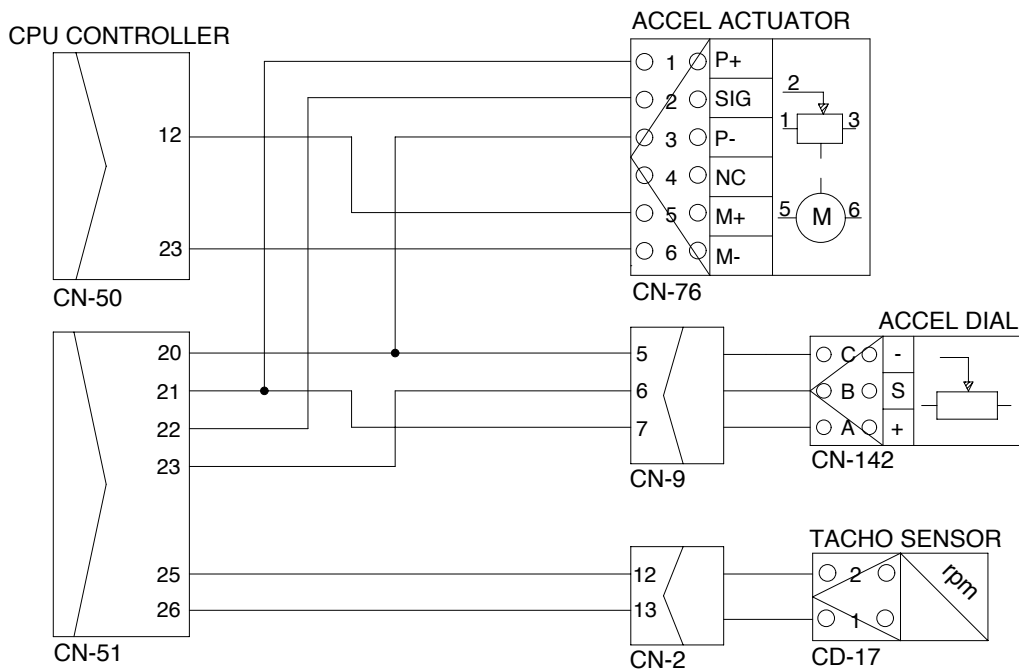
5. SLOW ACTION OF ENGINE SPEED CHANGE WHEN CHANGE THE MODE

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram

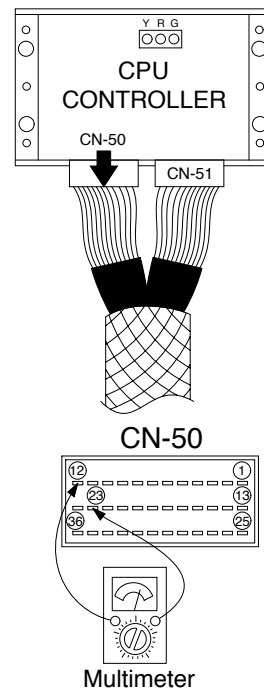


14W76MS02

2) TEST PROCEDURE

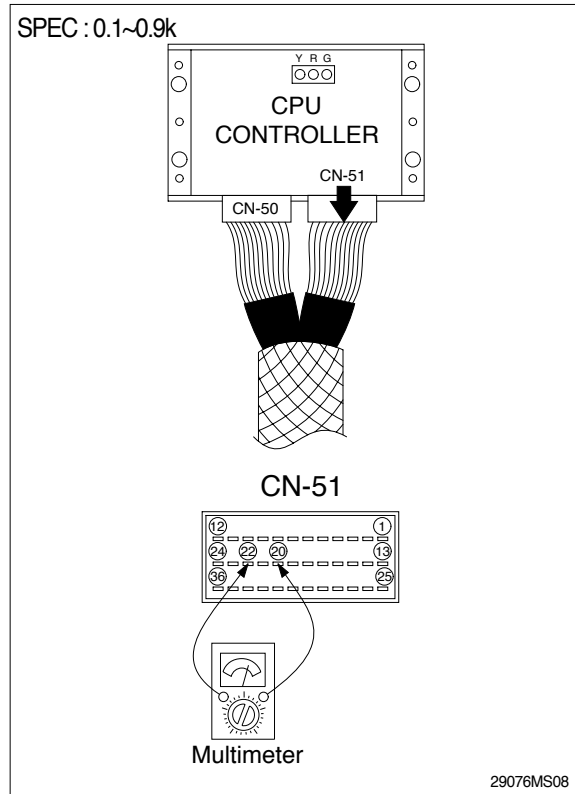
- (1) **Test 11** : Check resistance.
Starting key OFF.
Disconnect connector CN-50 from CPU controller.
Check resistance between CN-50(12)-(23) as figure.

SPEC : 1~2



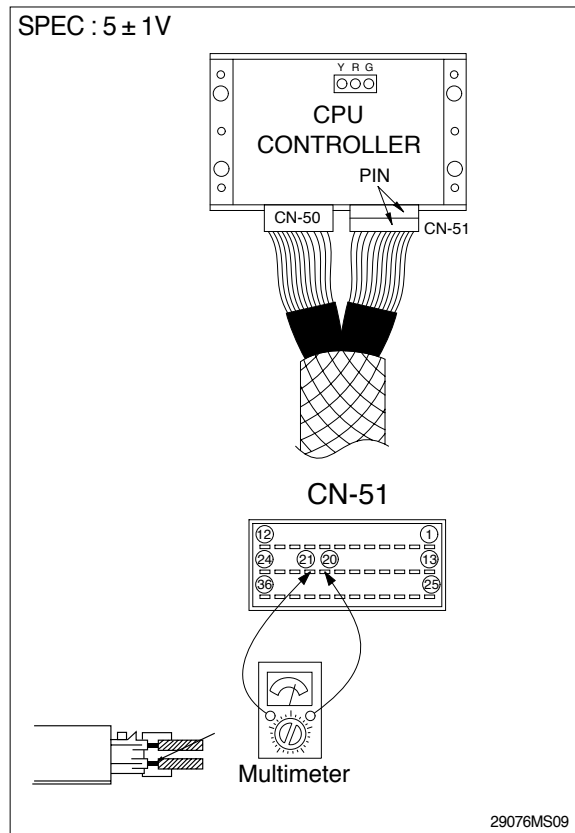
29076MS04

- (2) **Test 12** : Check voltage and resistance.
 Check resistance between CN-51(20)-
 (22).
- Starting key OFF.
 - Disconnect connector CN-51 from CPU controller.
 - Check resistance value with multimeter as figure.



Check voltage between CN-51(20) and
 CN-51(21).

- Prepare 2 pieces of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- Starting key ON.
- Insert prepared pins to rear side of connectors : One pin to CN-51(20)
 Other pin to CN-51(21)
- Check voltage.



6. AUTO DECEL SYSTEM DOES NOT WORK

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

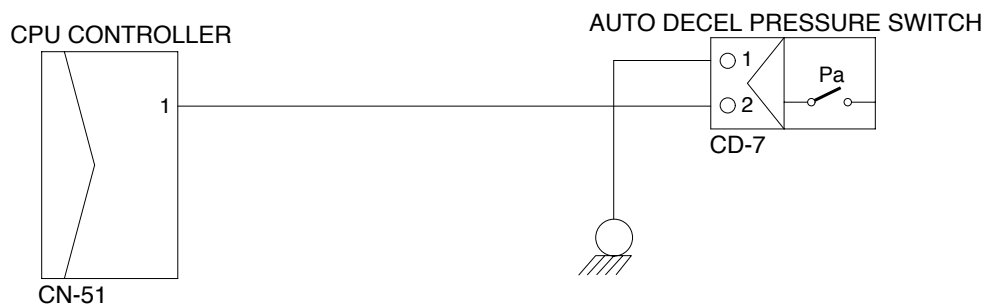
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

	Cause	Remedy
YES	Defective CPU controller	Replace
NO	Short circuit or poor connection between CN-51(1)-pressure switches	Replace or repair
NO	Defective auto decel pressure switch	Replace

Check resistance between CN-51 (1)-GND and CN-51(13)-GND

SPEC :
 Actuator operating : 4~5V
 Actuator stop : 0~1V
 See TEST 13
 See TEST 14

Wiring diagram



20W76MS04

2) TEST PROCEDURE

(1) **Test 13** : Check voltage at CN-51(1) and ground.

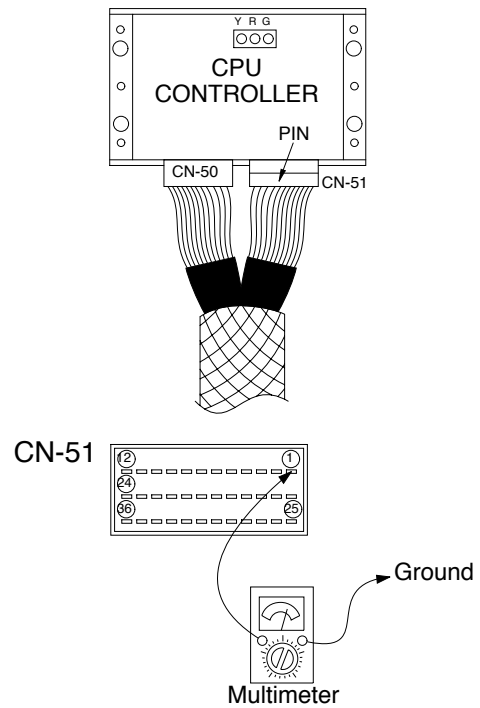
Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.

Starting key ON.

Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors : One pin to (1) of CN-51.

Check voltage as figure.

SPEC : Actuator stop : 4~5V
Actuator operating : 0~1V

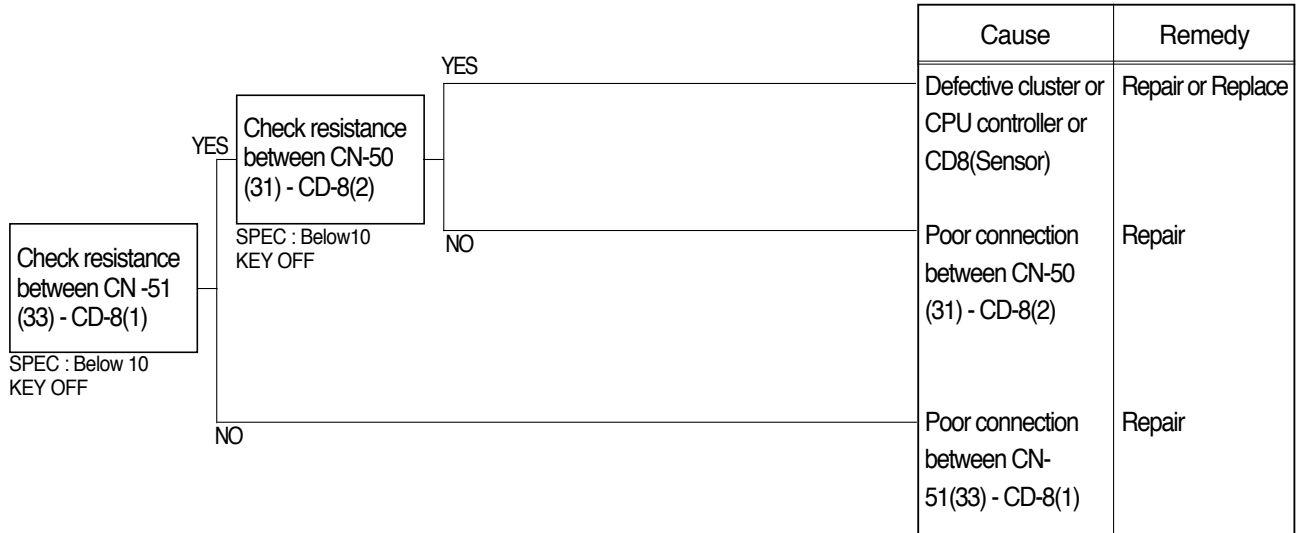


140W76MS11

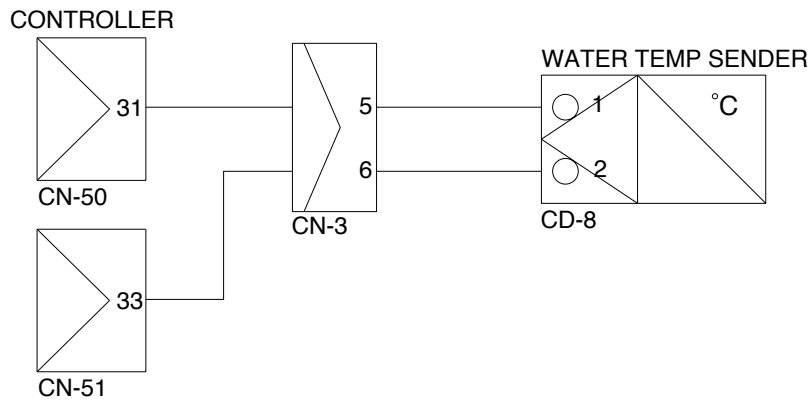
7. MALFUNCTION OF WARMING UP

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram

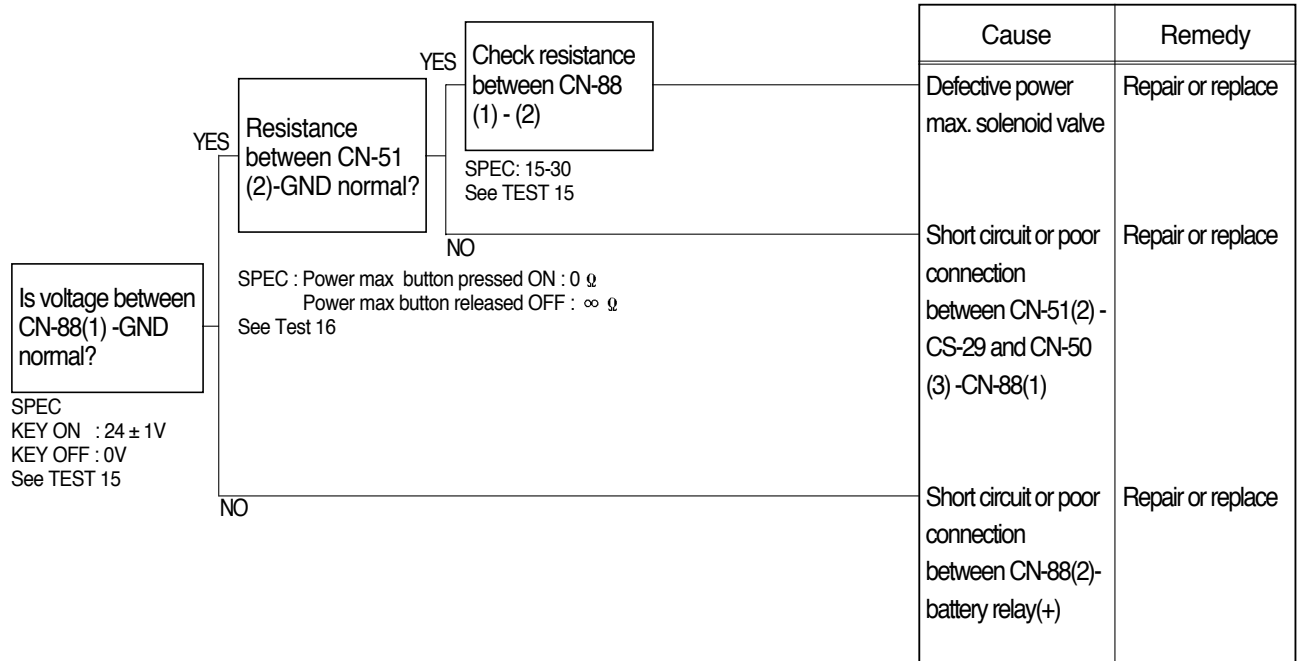


14W76TS04

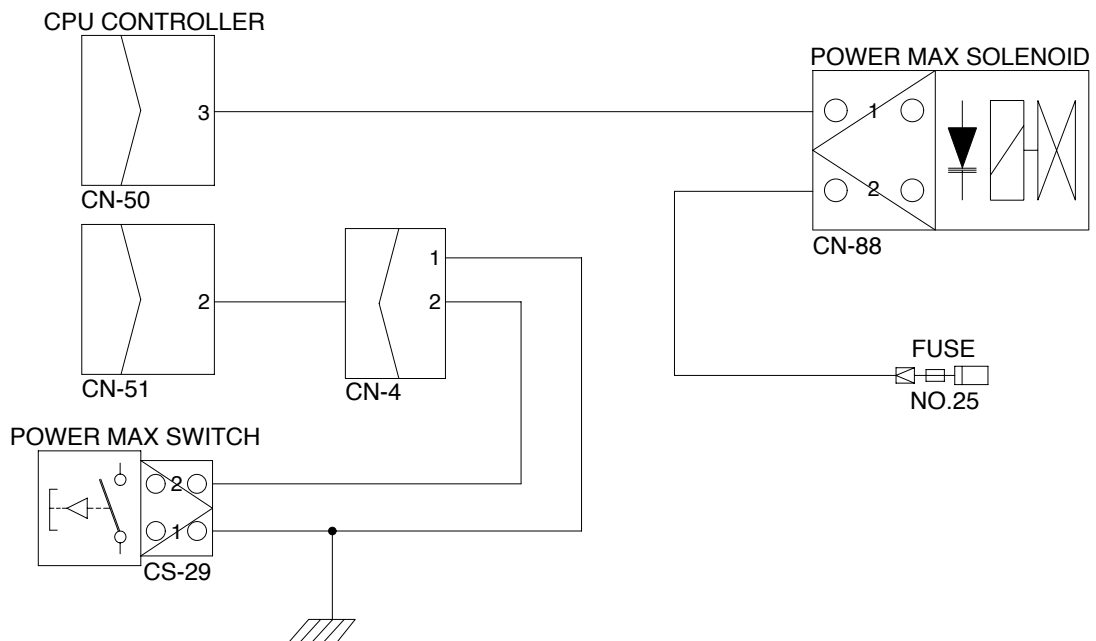
8. MALFUNCTION OF POWER MAX

Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



20W76MS06

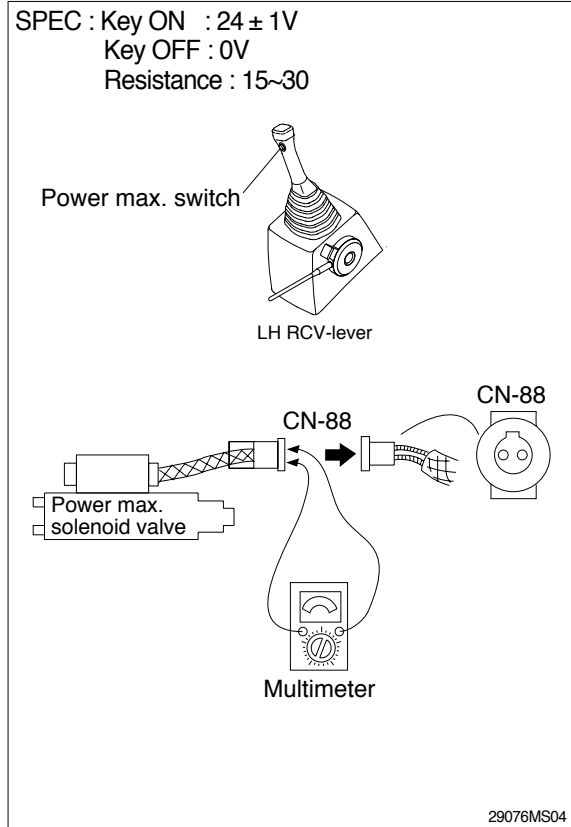
2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 15:** Check voltage between connector CN-88 - GND.

Start key ON.

Disconnect connector CN-88 from power max solenoid valve.

Check voltage as figure.



- (2) **Test 16:** Check resistance between connector CN-51(2)-GND.

Starting key OFF.

Remove CPU controller and disconnect connector CN-51 from CPU controller.

Check resistance as figure.

